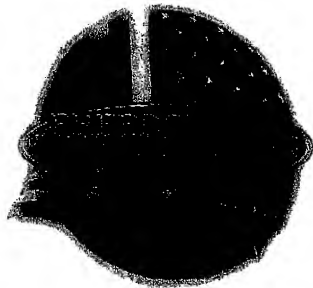


FREEDOM OF INFORMATION
AND
PRIVACY ACTS

Subject: Julius Rosenberg

File Number: 65-15348

Section: 48



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT JULIUS ROSENBERG

FILE NO. 65-15348

VOLUME NO. 48

SERIALS 2100

THRU

2202 a

File No: 65-15248

Re: Julius Rosenberg

Date: 11-77
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2100	12-10-52	NY report to HQ	12		yes	bufile 65-58236-1364
2101	12-10-52	PH letter to HQ copy to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1358
2102	12-10-52	SF teletype to HQ copy to NY/ ^{captioned} m. Schell.	1	1	yes	Present / did not match
2102 ^a	12-10-52	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1430
2103	12-12-52	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1373
2103 ^a	12-12-52	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1386
2103 ^b	12-15-52	NY SUPV. Memo for file	1	1		
2103 ^c	12-17-52	FD-71 Complaint form	2	2		
2104	12-16-52	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1379
2104 ^a	12-18-52	HQ teletype to NY, CV	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1325
2105	12-19-52	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1384
2106	12-19-52	NY SA to SAC captioned: Third Party	1	1		

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File No: 65-15348

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(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2107	12-20-52	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1391
2108	12-22-52	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1402
2109	12-23-52	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1398
2110	12-24-52	NY teletype to HQ	3	3	yes	Process/third party
2110a	12-31-52	SA to SAC Memo captioned: Third Party	1	1		
2111	1-2-53	HQ letter to CG copy to NY / copy	1	1	yes	bufile 65-58236-1358
2112	12-31-52	NY letter to third Party	1	1		
2113	12-29-52	SAC, NY memo for file	1	1		
2114	12-29-52	NY teletype to HQ	1	1	yes	Process/cannot match
2115	12-29-52	NY teletype to HQ	4	4	yes	Process/cannot match
2116	12-29-52	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1380
2117	12-30-52	NY teletype to HQ	12		yes	bufile 65-58236-1400

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Julius Rosenberg

Date:

11-77

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2118	12-31-52	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1406
2119	12-31-52	NY teletype to HQ	1	1	yes	Process/cont out
2120	12-31-52	NY teletype to HQ	7		yes	bufile 65-58236-1419
2120 ^a	12-31-52	NY SA to SAC memo	2	2		
2121	1-2-53	NY teletype to HQ	9		yes	bufile 65-58236-1399
2122	1-2-53	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1411
2122 ^a	1-3-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1399
2123	1-3-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1412
2124	1-3-53	NY teletype to HQ	2	2		
2125	1-3-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1399
2126	1-5-53	NY SA to SAC memo	1	1		
2127	1-5-53	NY SA memo for file	2	2		

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2128	1-5-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1401
2128 ^a	1-5-53	NY SA to SAC memo captioned; Third Party	1	1		
2129	1-6-53	NY letter to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1393
2129 ^a	1-6-53	SF letter to HQ, captioned; Morton Sobell	2		yes	bufile 101-2483-1055
2130	1-6-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1414
2131	1-7-53	NY teletype to HQ	3		yes	bufile 65-58236-1439
2132	1-7-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1416
2132 ^a	1-7-53	NY, SAC memo for file	2	2		
2132 ^b	1-8-53	NH letter to HQ copy to NY	3		yes	bufile 65-58236-1461
2133	1-9-53	PG letter to HQ copy to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1417
2134	1-10-53	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1408
2135 ^c	1-10-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1424

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2136	1-10-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1423
2136A	1-12-53	NY letter to CU captioned: NCSJRC	2	2		
2137	1-12-53	Post office Dept letter to third party	1	1		
2138	1-8-53	Copy of third party letter	2	2		
2139	1-14-53	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1433
2140	1-15-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1429
2141	1-14-53	PG letter to NY	1	1		
2142	1-14-53	Director's letter to third party	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1435
2142 ^a	1-15-53	NK teletype to HQ and NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1437
2143	1-16-53	NY teletype to HQ, WFO	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1449
2143 ^a	1-16-53	HQ letter to NY	3		yes	bufile 65-58236-1468
2144	1-16-53	SA to SAC memo captioned: Third Party	1	1		

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2145	1-16-53	SA to SAC memo for file captioned: third party	1	1		
2145 ^a	1-19-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1429
2145 ^b	1-19-53	SA to SAC memo for file	1	1		
2145 ^c	1-19-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1429
2146	1-20-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1454
2147	1-20-53	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1452
2147 ^a	1-20-53	SA to SAC memo for file captioned: third party	5	5		
2147 ^b	1-20-53	SA to SAC memo for file	1	1		
2147 ^c	1-20-53	SA to SAC memo for file captioned: NCSJRC	1	1		
2148	1-21-53	NY letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1451
2149	1-21-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1455
2150	1-21-53	LA letter to HQ copy to NY	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1448

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11-77

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2150 ^a	1-21-53	SA to SAC memo captioned: third party	5	5		
2151	1-22-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1456
2151 ^a	1-21-53	FD-71 Complaint Form	1	1		
2152	1-26-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1465
2152 ^a	1-26-53	SA to SAC memo for file	2	2		
2152 ^b	1-26-53	SA to SAC memo for file	1	1		
2152 ^c	1-26-53	SA to SAC memo for file	1	1		
2153	1-27-53	PG letter to NY	1	1		
2154	1-28-53	SA to SAC memo for file	1	1		
2155	1-29-53	SA memo for file	3	3		
2156	1-28-53	SAC memo for file	1	1		
2157	1-30-53	Director's letter to third party	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1451

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File No: 65-15248

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(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2157 ^a	2-1-53	FD-192 Inventory of Property	1	1		
2157 ^b	2-1-53	FD-192 Inventory of property	1	1		
2157 ^c	2-1-53	FD-192 Inventory of property	1	1		
2157 ^d	2-1-53	FD-192 Inventory of property	1	1		
2158	2-2-53	NK teletype to HQ, and NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1470
2158 ^a	8-27-48	BU report to HQ captioned: third party	8	8	yes	Process/ third party
2158 ^b	2-4-53	BU letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1475
2158 ^c	2-4-53	SA to SAC memo for file	3	3		
2159	2-5-53	NY teletype to HQ	4		yes	bufile 65-58236-1476
2159 ^a	2-5-53	third party letter to NY	1	1		
2160	2-6-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1479
2161	2-9-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1477

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2162	2-10-53	NY teletype to HQ.	3		yes	bufile 65-58236-1501
2163	2-10-53	PH teletype to NY, HQ, BS	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1486
2164	2-10-53	AQ letter to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1484
2165	2-11-53	HQ teletype to NY, and CU	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1481
2166	2-11-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1483
2167	2-11-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1506
2167 ^a	2-11-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1477
2167 ^b	2-12-53	HQ letter to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1479
2168	2-12-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1538
2169	2-12-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1507
2170	2-12-52	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1490
2171	2-12-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1519

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2172	2-13-53	NY teletype to HQ	3		yes	bufile 65-58236-1529
2172 ^a	2-13-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1501
2173	2-13-53	NY teletype to HQ, WFO	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1498
2174	2-16-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1497
2175	2-16-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1502
2176	2-16-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1499
2177	2-16-53	ASAC to SAC memo	1	1		
2178	2-16-53	SAC, NY memo for file	2	2		
2179	2-17-53	SAC, NY memo for file	2	2		
2180	2-17-53	SA to SAC memo	4	1		B-1 11/19/77 2040
2181	2-17-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1530
2182	2-18-53	NY letter to NY telephone Company	1	1		

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2183	2-18-53	SA to SAC Memo	1	1		
2184	2-18-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1531
2185	2-18-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1524
2186	2-18-53	SA to SAC memo, for file	1	1		
2187	2-18-53	SA to SAC memo for file	1	1		
2188	2-19-53	SAC, NY Memo for file	3	3		
2189	2-19-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1520
2189 ^a	2-19-53	NY SA to SAC memo for file	4	4		B-1 - 11/9/77 2040
2189 ^b	2-19-53	NY ASAC to SAC memo for file	1	1		
2189 ^c	2-20-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1524
2190	2-20-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1537
2191	2-20-53	HQ teletype to NY	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1524

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Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
2192	2-20-53	NY teletype to HQ.	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1523
2193	2-24-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1527
2194	2-24-53	NY teletype to HQ	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1528
2195	2-24-53	FD-71 Complaint Form	1	1		
2196	2-25-53	NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1536
2197		NY teletype to HQ	1		yes	bufile 65-58236-1535
2198	2-16-53	FD-71 Complaint Form	1	1		
2199	2-25-53	NY SA to SAC memo for file	1	1		B-1 11/9/77 2040
2200	2-25-53	HQ letter to NY	2		yes	bufile 65-58236-1516
2200 ^a	2-25-53	NY SA to SAC memo for file	6	6		
2201	2-27-53	NY SA to SAC memo for file	2	2		
2201 ^a	2-26-53	NY SA to SAC memo for file	3	3		

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Serial
NumberDate of
Serial

DELETION (S)

2100

12/10/52

This report was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2101

12/10/52

This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2102

12/10/52

No exemptions were cited.

2102a

12/10/52

This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2103

12/12/52

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2103a

12/12/52

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2103b

12/15/52

No exemptions were cited.

2103c

12/17/52

No exemptions were cited.

2104

12/16/52

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2104a

12/18/52

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2105

12/19/52

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2106

12/19/52

(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number was withheld to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of the source.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2107	12/20/52	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2108	12/22/52	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2109	12/23/52	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2110	12/24/52	The designation of an informant symbol number was withheld on page 1 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
2110a	12/31/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number was withheld to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
2111	1/2/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2112	12/31/52	No exemptions were cited.
2113	12/29/52	No exemptions were cited.
2114	12/29/52	No exemptions were cited.
2115	12/29/52	No exemptions were cited.
2116	12/29/52	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)	
2117	12/30/52	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
2118	12/31/52	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
2119	12/31/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number was withheld to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.	
2120	12/31/52	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
2120a	12/31/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld on the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source. (b) (7) (D) - was also used on page 1 of the enclosure to protect information furnished by a source to whom an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality had been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.	
2121	1/2/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
2122	1/2/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
2122a	1/3/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2123	1/3/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2124	1/3/53	No exemptions were cited.
2125	1/3/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2126	1/5/53	No exemptions were cited.
2127	1/5/53	No exemptions were cited.
2128	1/5/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2128a	1/5/53	No exemptions were cited.
2129	1/6/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2129a	1/6/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2130	1/6/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2131	1/7/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2132	1/7/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2132a	1/7/53	(b) (7) (C) - The information concerning the political affiliation of a third party was withheld on page 2 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
2132b	1/8/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2133	1/9/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2134	1/10/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2135	1/10/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2136	1/10/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2136a	1/12/53	No exemptions were cited.
2137	1/12/53	No exemptions were cited.
2138	1/8/53	No exemptions were cited.
2139	1/14/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2140	1/15/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2141	1/14/53	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant file number was withheld to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
2142	1/14/53	This letter to a third party was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2142a	1/15/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2143	1/16/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2143a	1/16/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2144	1/16/53	No exemptions were cited.
2145	1/16/53	No exemptions were cited.
2145a	1/19/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2145b	1/19/53	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number was withheld to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
2145c	1/19/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2146	1/20/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2147	1/20/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2147a	1/20/53	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld on the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
		(b) (7) (D) - was also cited on page 1 and page 4 of the enclosure to protect the information furnished by the source to whom an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality had been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.
2147b	1/20/53	No exemptions were cited.
2147c	1/20/53	No exemptions were cited.
2148	1/21/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2149	1/21/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2150	1/21/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2150a	1/21/53	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld on the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
2151	1/22/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2151a	1/21/53	No exemptions were cited.
2152	1/26/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2152a	1/26/53	(b) (7) (D) - This exemption was cited on pages 1 and 2 to protect the identity of and the information furnished by a source to whom an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality had been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.
2152b	1/26/53	No exemptions were cited.
2152c	1/26/53	(b) (7) (C) - The character prefix number of a file of a third party was withheld to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
2153	1/27/53	No exemptions were cited.
2154	1/28/53	No exemptions were cited.
2155	1/29/53	No exemptions were cited.
2156	1/28/53	No exemptions were cited.
2157	1/30/53	This letter to a third party was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2157a	2/1/53	No exemptions were cited.
2157b	2/1/53	No exemptions were cited.
2157c	2/1/53	No exemptions were cited.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2157d	2/1/53	No exemptions were cited.
2158	2/2/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2158a	8/27/48	<p>(b) (7) (C) - Information of a personal and intimate nature on a third party was withheld on page 2 paragraph 8 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and information furnished by a source to whom an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality had been given was withheld on page 2 paragraph 2 and pages 2a, 3, 4, 5 and 6. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source and would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.</p>
2158b	2/4/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2158c	2/4/53	<p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld of the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - was also cited on pages 1 and 2 of the enclosure to protect the information furnished by a source to whom an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality had been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.</p>
2159	2/5/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2159a	2/5/53	No exemptions were cited.
2160	2/6/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2161	2/9/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2162	2/10/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2163	2/10/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2164	2/10/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2165	2/11/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2166	2/11/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2167	2/11/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2167a	2/11/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2167b	2/12/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2168	2/12/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2169	2/12/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2170	2/12/52	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2171	2/12/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2172	2/13/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2172a	2/13/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2173	2/13/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2174	2/16/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2175	2/16/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2176	2/16/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2177	2/16/53	No exemptions were cited.
2178	2/16/53	No exemptions were cited.
2179	2/17/53	No exemptions were cited.
2180	2/17/53	(b) (1) - Paragraph 1 of the cover page and pages 1, 2 and 3 of the enclosures have been classified by Executive Order 11652 on 11/9/77, and it bears the Classification Officer's number 2040.

Serial
NumberDate of
Serial

DELETION (S)

(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld on the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.

2181

2/17/53

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2182

2/18/53

No exemptions were cited.

2183

2/18/53

No exemptions were cited.

2184

2/18/53

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2185

2/18/53

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2186

2/18/53

No exemptions were cited.

2187

2/18/53

No exemptions were cited.

2188

2/19/53

No exemptions were cited.

2189

2/19/53

This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

2189a

2/19/53

(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld on the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.

(b) (1) - Page 1 paragraphs 2 through 8, page 2 paragraph 5, and page 3 paragraph 3 and 4 of the enclosure have been classified by Executive Order 11652 on 11/9/77, and it bears the Classification Officer's number 2040.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
2189b	2/19/53	No exemptions were cited.
2189c	2/20/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2190	2/20/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2191	2/20/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2192	2/20/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2193	2/24/53.	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2194	2/24/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2195	2/24/53	No exemptions were cited.
2196	2/25/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2197	undated	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
2198	2/16/53	No exemptions were cited.
2199	2/25/53	(b) (1) - Information in brackets has been classified by Executive Order 11652 on 11/9/77, and it bears the Classification Officer's number 2040. (b) (7) (C) - The character prefix number of a file was withheld in paragraph 3 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)	
2200	2/25/53	This letter was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
2200a	2/25/53	<p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld on the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - was also cited on page 5 to protect the name of the source, to whom an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.</p>	
2201	2/27/53	No exemptions were cited.	
2201a	2/26/53	<p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol number and an informant file number was withheld on the cover page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - was also cited on page 1 of the enclosure to protect the information furnished by a source to whom an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality had been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.</p>	
2202	2/27/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	
2202a	3/11/53	This teletype was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.	

U. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

FEDERAL BUREAU

of

INVESTIGATION

Profile 65-58236

DO NOT FURNISH INFORMATION FROM THIS FILE TO ANY OUTSIDE AGENCY WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION OF SECTION #6

INFORMATION FROM THIS FILE SHOULD BE MADE THE SUBJECT MATTER OF A REPORT, MEMO OR ANY OTHER OFFENSE IN ANY INVESTIGATION WITHOUT CITATION FROM SECTION #6.

See also Nos.

Subj. A - UIC

Subj. B - Rxs

Subj. C - "Morning Freiheit"

Subj. D - "National Guardian"

Subj. E - "Daily Worker"

65-15348

Section 48
Serials 2100-2202A

Handwritten signature and initials at the bottom right corner.

FBI, SAN FRANCISCO

DECEMBER 10, 1952

Air-Tel
///////

DIRECTOR, FBI (101-2133)

MR. WALKER	
MR. WATSON	
MR. EAGAN	
MR. MOHR	
MR. FETTER	
MR. GILBERT	
MR. HENNING	
MR. JONES	
MR. LADD	
MR. NICHOLS	
MR. ROSEN	
MR. TRACY	
MR. WOOD	
MR. BELMONT	
MR. CLEGG	
MR. GLAVIN	
MR. HARBO	
MR. MOHR	
MR. WINTERROWD	
TELE. ROOM	
MR. NEASE	
MISS GANDY	

MORTON SOBELL, ESP DASH R. WARDEN SCOPE, ALCATRAZ PRISON, ADVISED THAT AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS ELMER SCHREIN, ADAMS HOTEL, OAKLAND, CALIF. AND STATED HE WAS FROM THE EAST, TELEPHONICALLY REQUESTED AT TWENTY P.M., DEC, NINE, TO BE ALLOWED TO SEE SUBJECT AS HE HAD INFORMATION OF VITAL IMPORTANCE TO THE LIVES OF THE ROCKWEGGS. SCOPE REFUSED THE REQUEST AND ADVISED HE WOULD HAVE TO CHECK ON SCHREIN. SCHREIN REFUSED TO STATE FULL NAME AND ADVISED HE DID NOT WANT TO TALK TO THE FBI. MANAGER, CLAUDE WOOD, ADAMS HOTEL, ADVISED THAT ONE ED SCHREIN REGISTERED ON MAY TWENTYND, LAST, FROM NEWYORK, NO STATE SPECIFIED. SCHREIN, ACCORDING TO WOOD, IS ALONE, HAS NO APPARENT ASSOCIATES AND COMES AND GOES FROM THE HOTEL EACH DAY, BUT HIS OCCUPATION OR EMPLOYMENT IS UNKNOWN. NO FURTHER ACTION BEING TAKEN HERE. *No record SCHREIN SF files*

FPT/ajs
65-4228

BOOK

Under file

cc: NEW YORK (100-37153 and 65-15348)
BUREAU (65-15348)
S.F. (65-4219)

J.A. Livingston
65-15348-2102

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 15 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

J.A. Livingston



Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

FD-71
(7-30-65)



IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO
FILE NO. _____

COMPLAINT FORM

EDWIN ROSEBARRA
Subject's Name and Aliases

EDWIN H. HERZOG
Name of Complainant
44 WALL ST. NYC
Address of Complainant
HA 2-1200
Telephone Number of Complainant
12/15/57 11:58
Date and Time Complaint Received

Address of Subject
ESP-R
Character of Case

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT:

FACTS OF COMPLAINT: Complainant telephonically advised he is a partner in the firm of LAZARD, FRENKEL & Co, 44 Wall St and recently the firm had employed one Mrs Ruth FRINK as a stenographer and temporary basis. He was advised because of numerous claims and since her release a number of firm employees have reported that they have seen Mrs Frink pictures in the newspapers identified as Mrs Ruth Greenhouse.

Mrs Frink advised she worked through GUSTEN'S TEMPORARY OFFICE PERSONNEL SERVICE, B East 47th St NYC and was employed by Lazard, Frenkel & Co on the following dates:

We know about this employment over

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

+ release JH

file 65-15348
copy in 65-15336

11/19/62

65-15348-2103c

W.C. Ray
Special Agent

4/10/52
5/1 and 2
5/3, 5, 6, 8, 9
5/10, 11, 13, 14
5/15, 16, 17
7/7 to 9/2
9/2 to 12/8

10 1/2 hrs
11 1/2 "
36 1/2 "
38 hrs.
4 hrs
steadily thru these dates for several hours.
" " " " " " " "

According to Mr. Krzyog, Mrs. Printz was absent a total of 16 days and she was released by Office Manager TED RUDSELL. It is any further information desired by this office could be readily obtained thru Mr. Rudell.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NY

FROM : JOHN P. DIMARCHI, SA (100-75397)

SUBJECT: GEORGE MARION
SECURITY MATTER-C

DATE: DEC 19 1952

The services of [REDACTED] are being utilized to discreetly follow the activities of GEORGE and BETTY MARION, 2075 Wallace Avenue, Bronx, in connection with the Communist fugitive investigation. On 12/6/52 [REDACTED] furnished the following information:

ADE WEISSBURD contacted GEORGE MARION and asked him for his opinion and assistance in writing and preparing for world wide publication an FBI affidavit alleging that a government witness perjured himself in the ROSENBERG case. WEISSBURD indicated that this witness was a photographer who was placed on the stand by the government in the closing moments of the ROSENBERG case. WEISSBURD stated that he would like to have this publication ready for publicity purposes within five or six days. WEISSBURD and MARION arranged to meet for further discussions.

The above information was telephonically furnished to SA MAURICE W. CORCORAN by the writer.

1 - NY 65-15348

65-15348-2106

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Harrington

AIR-TEL

NEW YORK
12/24/52

BUREAU

CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS, IS DASH C. DAYLET. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED DECEMBER TWENTYFOUR THAT CRC SPONSORED RECEPTION DECEMBER TWENTYTHREE LAST AT MANHATTAN TOWERS HOTEL, NYC, TO GREET DELEGATION THAT VISITED ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG AT OSSINING, NY, DECEMBER TWENTYONE LAST. INFORMANT SAID ABOUT THREE HUNDRED FIFTY PEOPLE ATTENDED RECEPTION. ELAINE ROSS OF CRC WAS CHAIRMAN OF MEETING. ROSS GAVE SHORT REPORT ON ROSENBERGS DELEGATION THAT WENT TO OSSINING DECEMBER TWENTYONE LAST. SHE STATED ALTHOUGH ROSENBERGS ARE LONELY THEY ARE NOT ALONE. THERE ARE MILLIONS OF PEOPLE HERE AND THROUGHOUT WORLD WHO ARE WITH THEM AND FIGHT TO SAVE THEIR LIVES UNTIL THEY ARE FREE. LEON STRAUS OF FUR UNION STATED THAT WHILE RUSSIA, CHINA AND EASTERN DEMOCRACIES ARE MARCHING TO FREEDOM THE REACTIONARIES OF THIS COUNTRY ARE LEADING THE MARCH TO FASCISM AND WAR. THE SAME FORCES THAT KILLED SACCO AND VANZETTI ARE NOW TRYING TO KILL THE ROSENBERGS AND TO BREAK UP THE LABOR MOVEMENT. STRAUS DECLARED ROSENBERGS ARE THE INNOCENT VICTIMS OF COLD WAR OF TRUMAN GOVERNMENT. HE SAID BOTH MAY BE TO DEVOTE ALL ITS ENERGIES DURING EACH

FEW WEEKS TO SAVE LIVES OF ROSENBERGS. EMILY ALGAN SPOKE IN 3-BUREAU

1-NY 100-157111(ROSENBERG COM-ITTEE)

①-NY 65-15348 (ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG)

1-NY 138-82

JJD:ABD:(#7)

100-80675

100-10149-2710

65-15348-2110 2

AIR-TEL

NEW YORK
12/24/52

BURFAU

NAME OF NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN ROSENBERGS CASE. SHE SAID "WE ARE INTERESTED THIS MOMENT IN ONLY ONE THING TO SAVE THE LIVES OF THE ROSENBERGS." SHE DECLARED IT IS NOT A QUESTION OF GUILT OR INNOCENCE. SHE URGED ALL PEOPLE TO ATTEND ALL MASS MEETINGS THAT ARE ORGANIZED IN NY AND THROUGHOUT COUNTRY. SHE ESPECIALLY CALLED UPON EVERYONE TO GO TO WASHINGTON FOR VIGIL ON DECEMBER TWENTYSIX NEXT AT WHITE HOUSE AND TO JOIN MASS DELEGATION AT WASHINGTON, ON JANUARY FIVE NEXT. SHE STATED "WE CAN STILL SAVE THE ROSENBERGS LIVES IF WE PUT ALL OUR ENERGIES INTO FIGHT. KATHIE MORLEY, THE ACTRESS, READ A SPEECH THAT SACCO OF SACCO AND VANZETTI MADE TO THE JURY ON THE EVILS OF WAR. SHE URGED EVERYONE TO FIGHT FOR THE ROSENBERGS. SHE STATED THAT IT IS TOO LATE TO BE AFRAID, "WE MUST FIGHT REACTIONARIES ON EVERY STEP". CARL MARZINI OF THE UE MADE COLLECTION SPEECH. SHE SAID FIGHT FOR ROSENBERG IS A TEST OF THE POWER OF THE PROGRESSIVE MOVEMENT IN THE U.S. THE WORLD IS WATCHING US. WE MUST NOT FAIL IN THIS SUPREME STRUGGLE IN THE U.S. INFORMANT STATED COLLECTION AMOUNTED TO ABOUT FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. THE NEXT SPEAKER WAS MANILLA MORRIS, A NEGRO SHOP STEWARD AT DISTRICT SIXTYFIVE, STATED AS LONG AS ROSENBERGS ARE IN JAIL "WE ARE NOT FREE". SHOULD THE ROSENBERGS BE EXECUTED, THE NEXT STEP

AIR-TEL

NEW YORK
12/24/52

BURLAU

WOULD BE STRUGGLING OF LABOR MOVEMENT AND WAR WILL FOLLOW. THIS IS THE START OF FASCISM. WE MUST FIGHT TO FREE THE ROSENBERGS". BETTY GANNETT SAID EIGHT MILLION PEOPLE ALREADY HAVE ACHIEVED THE FREEDOM "WE ARE FIGHTING FOR IN OUR COUNTRY." OUR JOB IS TO ENLIGHTEN THE PEOPLE OF OUR COUNTRY TO THE REAL AIMS OF THIS GOVERNMENT THAT WOULD NEVER GO ON WITH WAR PROVIDING THE PEOPLE WOULD START DEMANDING PEACE. WE HAVE NO ILLUSION ABOUT THE OUTCOME OF OUR TRIAL, IT WILL END BY THE MIDDLE OF JANUARY. ALTHOUGH THE PEOPLE SHOULD FIGHT AGAINST SMITH ACT, THE ROSENBERGS CASE IS AT PRESENT MOST IMPORTANT. LET US FIGHT TO SAVE THEIR LIVES. WILLIAM PATTERSON STATED THAT "WE ARE NOT FIGHTING FOR ROSENBERGS FROM A SO CALLED HUMANIST'S POINT OF VIEW. WE ARE FIGHTING BECAUSE ROSENBERGS CASE CARRIES WITHIN IT THE SEEDS OF FASCISM. THE ROSENBERGS CASE SYMBOLIZES THE NATURE OF OUR STRUGGLE FOR PEACE AND DEMOCRACY. WOULD THE ROSENBERGS DIE THE LIVES OF THE SMITH ACT VICTIMS NOW IN PRISON FOR ONLY FIVE YEARS ARE ALSO IN DANGER. HE SAID EVERYONE GO TO WASHINGTON "IN THE HUNDREDS" ON DECEMBER TWENTYSEVEN NEXT AND TO GO AGAIN ON JANUARY FIVE NEXT, TO SAVE THE LIVES OF THESE PEOPLE. INFORMANT STATED THAT FOLLOWING THE SPEECHES A MOVIE WAS SHOWN OF THE DEMONSTRATION AT OSSINING, NY ON DECEMBER TWENTYONE LAST.

BOARDMAN

SAC, New York

12/31/52

SA JOHN J. DOERNER (100-34465)

JOHN MAX LEVINE, was
IS-C

Re memo of SA JOHN J. DOERNER New York City 11/5/52.

Subject has been a CP member since 1930 and has held numerous important party positions. Since approximately 1941 he has used the name JOHN LAVIN, in connection with his CP activities and is now a member of the CP underground apparatus. He is also reliably reported to be in charge of the CP disciplinary committee and counter-intelligence.

Confidential Source [redacted] advised that on 12/9/52 GERTRUDE LEVINE, 979 Hopkinson Avenue, Inwood, New York, wife of subject and an active CP member, was informed by an unknown man that it would be impossible for him to be with her that night, as he had been given "responsibility over something", and that night was the only time the work could be done. He stated "the other gal" also would not be there. This individual further stated that he considered the "ROSENBERG question" was being miserably mis-handled, and that a concrete obligation should be instituted for everyone. That night, and that there should be one or two people who "will check every day in reference to Saturday night and Sunday". GERTRUDE LEVINE asked him what time it would start Sunday and the man said the train was at 10:30 and the cars should leave at 9:00, that "a mobilization" was planned for 9:00.

The man then informed GERTRUDE LEVINE that there would be a rally on the 18th and said that they must be guaranteed an organizer. He then instructed GERTRUDE LEVINE to spend at least half an hour that night on the matter of the rally "after the other business" had been concluded. In the opinion of this informant, the "ROSENBERG question", referred to above, pertained to the Bureau case entitled JULIUS ROSENBERG, was an IS-C SPIONAGE-R.

This Source further advised that on 12/10/52, GERTRUDE LEVINE asked RUTH LINZER, 133 51 Street, Brooklyn, New York, if she could get away the morning or the afternoon of 12/11/52 to go to the trials, apparently referring to the current trial of CP leaders, New York City. RUTH LINZER informed GERTRUDE LEVINE she had thought of going to the trial on 12/10/52, but would inform GERTRUDE on the morning of 12/11/52 if she could go to the trial on that date.

1-NY-100-61517

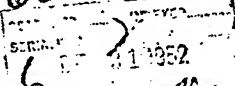
(GERTRUDE LEVINE)

1-NY-100-62199

(RUTH LINZER)

1-NY-65-15346

(JULIUS ROSENBERG)



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : FILE (65-15348)

FROM : LELAND V. BOARDMAN, SAC

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG;
ETHEL ROSENBERG;
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: 12/29/52

Judge IRVING KAUFMAN telephoned me, 12/29/52, to advise that he had, earlier on that date, talked with Assistant to the Director D. M. LADD relative to his mental alarm because of the terrific influx of mail and telephone calls in the ROSENBERG matter. Judge KAUFMAN stated that he, personally, had no fear and marveled at the composure of his wife but did think that it might possibly be desirable for the next several days to have increased alertness on the part of the New York Police Department in the proximity to his home, which he described as Apartment 5-A, 1185 Park Avenue. I discussed with Judge KAUFMAN the type of protection he felt he desired and indicated that of course Commissioner MONAGHAN would probably want to call him or have one of his officials call him relative to the type of protection to be afforded and might desire to even see the children so that the protecting police would recognize the youngsters when they saw them on the streets. Judge KAUFMAN stated he knew Commissioner MONAGHAN and would be very happy to talk to Commissioner MONAGHAN. We both agreed it was very essential that the entire matter be handled discreetly.

I telephonically contacted Mr. LADD and told Mr. LADD I could see no reason why I should not extend courtesy to the Judge and call Commissioner MONAGHAN. Mr. LADD agreed this was satisfactory.

I thereafter called Commissioner MONAGHAN and presented the situation to Commissioner MONAGHAN, emphasizing the necessity for the entire matter being handled discreetly. Commissioner MONAGHAN stated he would be more than happy to afford the Judge as much assistance as was desired. Commissioner MONAGHAN stated he would either personally get in touch with Judge KAUFMAN or have one of his officers get in touch with Judge KAUFMAN in the immediate future.

LVB:SLM

65-15348 2113

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....
DEC 29 1952
FBI - NEW YORK

J. A. Harrington

AIR-TEL

NEW YORK
12/29/52

BUREAU

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL, ESPIONAGE DASH R. DAYLIT. HOWARD RUSHMORE OF NEW YORK JOURNAL AMERICAN, ADVISED TODAY THAT ONE OF HIS SOURCES HAS BEEN IN CONTACT WITH THE WOSJRC. HE WAS ADVISED BY THE COMMITTEE THAT A LARGE GROUP WILL GO TO WASHINGTON D. C. ON JANUARY FIVE NEXT AND SINCE THE PLAC OF THE NATIONAL GUARD ARMORY WAS CANCELLED THE GROUP WILL MEET AT INSPIRATION HOUSE, ONE EIGHT SIX SEVEN KALORAMA ROAD, NORTHWEST WASHINGTON, D. C. AFTER THE INITIAL MEETING THE GROUP WILL BREAK UP INTO TWO QUOTE TASK FORCES UNQUOTE, ONE GROUP WILL GO TO THE HOUSE AND SENATE AND ENDEAVOR TO PUT ON A DEMONSTRATION INSIDE THE HOUSE AND SENATE. THE OTHER GROUP WILL PROCEED TO THE WHITE HOUSE FOR A DEMONSTRATION. RUSHMORE ADVISED THIS IS THE FIRST KNOWLEDGE THAT HE HAS HAD FROM ANY SOURCE THAT THERE WILL BE SPECIAL ATTEMPT TO DEMONSTRATE INSIDE THE HOUSE AND SENATE. BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED OF ANY FURTHER INFORMATION IN THIS REGARD.

W. J. Boardman
BOARDMAN

3 - Bureau (AMSD)
1 - NY 100-107111

JAN:GWN (#6)
65-15348

65-15348-2114

AIR-TEL

NEW YORK
12/29/52

BUREAU

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL; ESPIONAGE - R. EMANUEL BLOCH SERVED ON USA A SEVENTEEN PAGE AFFIDAVIT SIGNED BY JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG IN THEIR MOTION TO BE HEARD ON DECEMBER THIRTY, FIFTYTWO BY JUDGE IRVING R. KAUFMAN. THIS MOTION IS FOR A REDUCTION OF SENTENCE UNDER RULE THIRTYFIVE OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE. THE AFFIDAVIT STATES THE FAMILY RELATIONSHIP OF JULIUS AND ETHEL AND ASCERTS THAT THEY ARE INNOCENT. IT REFERS TO THE NEWSPAPER PUBLICITY, CHARGES OF COMMUNISM RECITED IN THE PRESS, AND THE DIFFICULTY OF THE JURORS IN COMING TO A FAIR CONCLUSION. IT STATES THAT THE GOVERNMENT CASE RESTED ON DAVID GREENGLASS AND RUTH, HIS WIFE, AND REFERS TO DAVID AS A "CAIN" AND TO RUTH AS THE "SERPENT", AND CLAIMS THAT THEY BARGAINED AWAY LIVES OF THE DEPENDANTS FOR THEIR OWN LIVES. THE AFFIDAVIT ATTACKS DAVID'S ABILITY AS A MECHANIC AND STATES "WE KNOW DAVID TO BE, EVEN AS A SIMPLE MACHINIST, INCOMPETENT, AND OTHERWISE A SCIENTIFIC ILLITERATE." THE AFFIDAVIT REFERS TO THE TESTIMONY OF BEN SCHNEIDER REFERRING TO THE FACT THAT HE TESTIFIED FALSELY ABOUT WHEN WAS THE LAST TIME THAT HE HAD SEEN THE ROSENBERGS.

3 - Bureau (AIR MAIL)

JAH:PJC ((16))
NY 65-15348

PAGE TWO

THE AFFIDAVIT REFERS TO THE REMARKS MADE BY THE COURT WHEN IT SENTENCED THE ROSENBERGS, AND IT REFERS TO THE "REPORT ON SOVIET ATOMIC ESPIONAGE DISTRIBUTED BY THE JOINT COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ESPIONAGE THROUGH THE EIGHTY SECOND CONGRESS." THIS REPORT NAMED FUCHS, MAY, AND GREENGLASS (ALONG WITH BRITISH BRUKO PONTECORVO) AS THE ONLY IMPORTANT ATOMIC ESPIONAGE AGENTS AND SUSPECTED THE ROSENBERGS TO MINOR PLANE. THE AFFIDAVIT ALSO REFERS TO THE "SHAMEFUL YEARS" SUBMITTED BY THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES. THE AFFIDAVIT REFERRED TO STATEMENTS MADE BY THE COURT IN THE SENTENCE WHEREIN THE COURT STATED "I BELIEVE YOUR CONDUCT IN PUTTING INTO THE HANDS OF THE RUSSIANS THE A BOMB YEARS BEFORE OUR BEST SCIENTISTS PREDICTED RUSSIA WOULD PERFECT THE BOMB, HAS ALREADY CAUSED, IN MY OPINION, THE COMMUNIST AGGRESSION IN KOREA, WITH THE RESULTANT CASUALTIES EXCEEDING FIFTY THOUSAND AND WHO KNOWS, BUT THAT MILLIONS MORE OF INNOCENT PEOPLE MAY PAY THE PRICE OF YOUR TREASON. INDEED, BY YOUR BETRAYAL, YOU UNDOUBTEDLY HAVE ALTERED THE COURSE OF HISTORY TO THE DISADVANTAGE OF OUR COUNTRY." THE AFFIDAVIT CHARGES THAT IN THIS STATEMENT THE COURT ARRIVED AT IT UNJUSTLY AND AGGRAVATED, ASSURED OF THE IMPORTANCE AND CONSEQUENCES OF THE ROSENBERG'S ALLEGED CRIME. THEY CLAIMED THAT THE CONCLUSIONS

PAGE THREE

OF JUDGE FAUFMAN TO NOT SQUARE WITH THE FACTS OF SCIENCE OR WITH EXPERT RECITATIONS OR THAT THE MATERIAL TRANSMITTED COULD HAVE BEEN OF ANY SUBSTANTIAL VALUE TO THE SOVIET UNION. THE AFFIDAVIT REFERS TO THE PRISON SENTENCES MEATED OUT TO DAVID GREENGLASS, HARRY GOLD, ALLAN KUNE MAY, AND TO THE FACT THAT THE SENTENCES PASSED UPON THE ROSENBERGS WERE NOT MANDATORY. THE AFFIDAVIT REFERS TO THE FACT THAT THE SENTENCE OF DEATH WAS IN THE DISCRETION OF THE JUDGE, AND THAT IT WAS NOT IN ACCORD WITH THE ABOVE SENTENCES OF PRISON TERMS. IT STATES "THIS SHOCKING DEPARTURE FROM THE AMERICAN TRADITION AGAINST VENEFUL PUNISHMENT AND THE INVERSE DISPARITY BETWEEN THESE SENTENCES AND THE PUNISHMENT MEATED OUT TO OTHERS, ACCORDING TO THE GOVERNMENT, MORE CULFABLE, IS THE MARK OF IMPROPER EXERCISE OF THE SENTENCE POWER. TO ATTACK FOR THE REDUCTION OF THIS SENTENCE, THEREFORE, IS TO ATTACK FOR JUSTICE, NOT FOR CHARITY NOR FOR MERCY." IT CONTINUES: "NOR IS IT IN THE INTERESTS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TO SUBSTITUTE FOR THE DISDAINED 'TRUMB SCREES' AND 'THE RACK', THE COERCIVE POWER OF SENTENCES BEYOND THAT JUSTIFIED BY THE NATURE OF THE ALLEGED CRIMINAL ACT, TO SECURE 'COOPERATION' WHICH CANNOT, IN TRUTH AND GOOD CONSCIENCE, BE FORN COMING. AMERICAN PEOPLE WOULD BE FOREVER SHAMED IN THEIR OWN EYES AND IN THE EYES OF THE WORLD IF THE FORCES OF LAW ASSUMED

CC 90
PAGE FOUR

TO COLLECT TO ABANDON THEIR TRADITIONAL INDEPENDENCE OF MIND AND FORETHOUGHT SPIRIT." SUBMITTED TO AUSA MILSHEIMER WERE ABOUT TWO HUNDRED COPIES OF LETTERS ADDRESSED TO EMANUEL BLOCH AND THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE FROM INDIVIDUALS ALL OVER THE US AND ABROAD. THESE LETTERS REFERRED TO LETTERS SUBMITTED BY BLOCH AND TO PORTIONS OF THE TRIAL TRANSCRIPT, WHICH HAVE BEEN FORWARDED IN BLOCH'S LETTER. ALL OF THESE LETTERS ASSERT THAT THE SENTENCE IS EXCESSIVE AND TRUST THAT THE SENTENCE WILL BE REDUCED. WHEN AVAILABLE, PHOTOSTATIC COPIES OF THE AFFIDAVITS AND LETTERS WILL BE SECURED AND COPIES WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE BUREAU. THE BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED OF THE ARGUMENTS IN COURT ON THE THIRTIETH, AND OF JUDGE KAUFMAN'S DECISION.

BOARDMAN


APPEAL

NEW YORK
12/31/52

BUREAU

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE,
IS DASH C. DAYLST. CI [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT
A CLERGYMEN'S COMMITTEE WAS BEING FORMED INDEPENDENTLY OF
THE CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION TO PETITION PRESIDENT TRUMAN
FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS. THE CLERGYMEN'S COMMITTEE
WILL ENDEAVOR TO GET ONE THOUSAND MINISTERS TO SIGN THE
APPEAL. CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION IS MAKING A SURVEY TO GET
THE NAMES OF ALL MINISTERS WHO HAVE SPOKEN UP, MADE SERMONS
OR PROMISED TO DO SOMETHING PRIVATELY FOR THE ROSENBERGS.
IT WAS THE INTENTION OF CAPTIONED COMMITTEE TO TURN OVER
THE NAMES, ADDRESS, CHURCH, DENOMINATION AND DEGREE OF
COOPERATION OF THE MINISTERS WHO HAVE ALREADY COOPERATED
TO THE CONTEMPLATED CLERGYMEN'S COMMITTEE. BUREAU WILL
BE ADVISED OF DEVELOPMENTS IN THIS REGARD.

BOARDMAN

① - NY 65-15348

JPH:MAN #6
100-107111

15348-2119

SAC, NY

12/31/52

JOHN W. DOOLEY, SA (100-107111)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
TS - C

Attached hereto is a copy of a report of [redacted] of known reliability, dated 12/11/52. The original report was furnished to SA JOHN W. DOOLEY on 12/19/52. In this report informant stated that a "strong movement" is being started in Canada in behalf of the Rosenbergs.

The original report is filed as serial 65 of [redacted]

Enc. - 1

- 1 - NY [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-55159 (EDITH ROSENBERG)
- 1 - NY 100-80675 (C.R.C.)
- ✓ 1 - NY 65-15348 (ETHEL & JULIUS ROSENBERG)

65-15348-2120A

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JAN 2 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

John W. Dooley

Dec. 11, 1952
New York.

DEVELOPING A MOVEMENT
IN CANADA TO SAVE THE
ROSENBERGS.

EDITH ROSENBERG, member of the National and N. Y. State Committee of the Civil Rights Congress, [redacted] that "a strong movement" is being developed in Canada to help saving the lives of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG. She [redacted] that the National Committee (U.S.A.) to Save the Rosenbergs asked some trade unions and Jewish mass organizations in Toronto, Canada to start a movement in Canada to save the ROSENBERGS. The IKUP organization and the Jewish Peoples Fraternal Order of Canada "got busy" immediately and as a result of these activities a conference was held in Toronto, Canada on October 28, 1952.

Some 150 people representing different trade unions and mass organizations participated in the conference. The conference adopted a program of activities which included the visiting of all kind of organizations in Canada and asking them to join in the movement to save the lives of the ROSENBERGS; to mobilize public opinion for the ROSENBERG case; individuals and organizations from all over Canada will be urged to send telegrams to the U. S. Supreme Court and to President TRUMAN demanding a new trial for the ROSENBERGS and to set aside the death penalty.

The October 28th conference also decided to organize a large delegation of representatives of different organizations for the purpose of visiting the American Consul in Toronto demanding presidential clemency for the ROSENBERGS.

EDITH ROSENBERG [redacted] that the movement to save the ROSENBERGS "is now world-wide. This movement is now sweeping every country in the world. The Communist parties, the Federation of the World Trade Unions and many peace and cultural organizations throughout the world are responsible for the world-wide movement to save the ROSENBERGS."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW YORK, NEW YORK
 JANUARY 3, 1953

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ESP.- R...MOTION FOR A STAY CAME ON BEFORE THE CCA TODAY AND WAS ADJOURNED UNTIL JUDGE IRVING R. KAUFMAN RULED ON AN APPLICATION BY BLOCH FOR A STAY PENDING APPLICATION FOR EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY. JUDGE KAUFMAN STATED THAT HE WOULD SIGN AN ORDER QUOTE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PERMITTING THE DEFENDENTS TO MAKE A PLEA TO THE PRESIDENT FOR EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY. THE EXECUTION OF THE DEFENDENTS NOW SET FOR THE WEEK OF JANUARY TWELVE, FIFTYTHREE, WILL BE STAYED UPON THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:QUOTE ONE. THAT WITHIN FIVE DAYS FROM THE DATE HEREOF AN AFFIDAVIT OF DEFENDENT'S COUNSEL IS FILED WITH THE CLERK OF THIS COURT DECLARING THAT A PETITION FOR EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY HAS BEEN DULY FILED FOR SUBMISSION TO THE PRESIDENT. TWO. SUCH STAY WILL EXPIRE FIVE DAYS AFTER THE DETERMINATION BY THE PRESIDENT AND THE COURT MAY MAKE SUCH FURTHER ORDER AS WILL CARRY OUT THE SENTENCE ORIGINALLY IMPOSED OR TAKE SUCH OTHER ACTION AS WOULD BE APPROPRIATE IN THE LIGHT OF THE PRESIDENT'S DETERMINATION UNQUOTE. AFTER THE HEARING BEFORE JUDGE KAUFMAN, BLOCH AGAIN APPEARED BEFORE THE CCA AND HIS MOTION FOR A STAY WAS DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO A

JAH:EPS(#6)
 NY 65-15348

Approved: _____

Sent 85/10 M

Per 99

- W*
- ___ MR. TOLSON
 - ___ MR. BOARDMAN
 - ___ MR. BELMONT
 - ___ MR. LADD
 - ___ MR. NICHOLS
 - ___ MR. ROSEN
 - ___ MR. TRACY
 - ___ MR. HARBO
 - ___ MR. MOHR
 - ___ MR. WINTERROWD
 - ___ MR. WOOD
 - ___ MR. WOODS
 - ___ MR. WYATT
 - ___ MR. ZIEGLER
 - ___ MR. CLEGG
 - ___ MR. GLAVIN
 - ___ MR. GURNEA
 - ___ MR. HENRICH
 - ___ MR. JONES
 - ___ MR. QUINN TAMM
 - ___ MR. NEASE
 - ___ MR. GANDY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

PAGE TWO

Transmit the following Teletype message to:
TELETYPE TO BUREAU

RENEWAL ANY TIME WITHIN THE FIVE DAY PERIOD AFTER THE
PRESIDENT HAD RULED ON THE APPLICATION FOR EXECUTIVE
CLEMENCY. AUSA KILSHEIMER ADVISED THAT THE ORDER WOULD NOT BE
SIGNED BY JUDGE KAUFMAN UNTIL THE SIXTH NEXT AND WOULD ALSO
CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING PROVISIO, QUOTE THAT THE DEPENDENTS DO
NOT DO ANYTHING TO DELAY THE PROCESSING OF THE APPLICATION
OR ITS SUBMISSION TO THE PRESIDENT. UNQUOTE.

BOARDMAN

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

FROM : SA T. SCOTT MILLER

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG (65-15348)
ESP-R

DATE: 1/5/53

On 1/2/53 at 9:50 A.M., AUSA James Kilsheimer telephonically advised that Judge Kaufman had just filed his opinion wherein he denied the ROSENBERGS a reduction in sentence.

I asked Mr. Kilsheimer if he had obtained the opinion and he said he had and would try to make a copy available to us. I immediately sent SA Richard A. Minihan to see Mr. Kilsheimer in order to make arrangements for us to get a photostat of the opinion.

At 10:00 A.M. I telephonically advised Mr. Hennrich of Bureau of Judge Kaufman's opinion.

TSM:IM

65-15348-226

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JAN 5 - 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
JSM	

New York City
1/15/53.

Memo:

John Williams
394 Grand St.

Threat against life of
President Truman

John Ward, Special Agent
Secret Service today advised that the
White House had received a letter
which starts in part as follows.

"Dear Mr. President

I demand you stop the execution
of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. They
are innocent x x x x.

x x x x

I will not let you commit
a miscarriage of justice. You
better act soon or your life is
not worth a penny.

Remember - death
Rosenbergs will result
Bureau advised by tel 1/15/53

105-15348

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15348 2127

death

John Williams. "

The letter, including the signature, and the envelope were typewritten. The envelope bore the return address:
John Williams, 394 Grand St.
New York, N. Y.

Mr Ward said the letter had been mailed at the General Post Office, N. Y. and it was postmarked "1 A. M.
12/29/52.

Mr Ward said he had found that 394 Grand St. is a 40 family apartment and that no one named Williams lived there now or in the past. He requested that our indices be checked. It was found that though there are hundreds of references to John Williams none refer to 394 Grand St.
John J. McManus, SA.

SAC, NY

1/5/53

HARRY C. O'CONNELL, SA (100-80309)

IRVING GOFF, was.
IS - C

On 12/28/52 Confidential Informant ~~NY-53031~~ of known reliability, advised that SOPHIE GOFF, wife of the subject, contacted EMILY (ALMAN). SOPHIE stated that a community meeting of the people that were canvassed will be held tomorrow night at the Grand Central Palace, 90 Clinton St. She said the meeting would start at 8:30 p.m.

EMILY stated that she does not know at the moment if she would be able to make it but would check with the office for other people.

According to the informant, EMILY stated that she hasn't been in Washington.

SOPHIE asked how it was going there.

EMILY replied so far it's going -- the picket line is on it's way -- we need forces desperately -- They are not coming through enough and they are not able to stay on through the weekend. EMILY stated further that what we need is young people and we can't seem to get them but other than that it is going.

EMILY added that "it" started on Saturday and it's going to keep going.

It was the informant's belief that the above discussion referred to the defense of the ROSENBERGS.

65-15348-2128A

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FBI - NY	

[Handwritten signature]

1 - NY 100-85707(SOPHIE GOFF)
① - NY 65-15348 (JULIUS ROSENBERG)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : FILE (65-15348)

FROM : SAC, NYC

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG et al
ESPIONAGE R

DATE: 1/7/53

Mr. Russo, reporter for the Sunday Herald, main office Bridgeport, Conn., called 1/7/53 to advise that he is the reporter for the aforementioned paper stationed at Stamford, Conn., telephone no. 435725. He stated that he was desirous of knowing the date and place of the arrest of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. He then inquired as to whether or not the landlord had been interviewed. I asked him what landlord he had in mind and without answering my question he then said, "Bill, Charles Cooper who owns a studio in Stamford, Conn., and has been a carp carrying Communist for years was telephoned by me recently in connection with the Rosenberg matter and as soon as I started talking to him about the Rosenbergs Cooper 'blew his stack' and didn't want to answer any questions or have any connection with the Rosenberg situation." I told Mr. Russo that I would see that he was called in response to his inquiry.

I thereafter talked with Mr. Wick in Mr. Nichols' office, apprised him of the above conversation, and suggested that inasmuch as the date and place of the arrest of the Rosenbergs was information which had previously been publicized I saw no reason why I should not answer Russo's inquiry. I told Mr. Wick however that inasmuch as the newspaper was located in the New Haven area I should advise New Haven first to see what they knew about the paper and more particularly Russo, second to ascertain if there was anything of any significance in the Rosenberg case that might be of interest to us and third, see that they watched this particular paper to see what articles might be appearing in the newspaper in the next several days that might be of interest to us. Mr. Wick concurred, stating that he thought in any event I should be the one to call Russo back and then suggested that I talk to Mr. Belmont. I talked with Assistant Director Belmont, apprised him of the above, and he concurred.

I then talked with SA Jack Powell, acting at the New Haven office. SA Powell recalled that the Sunday Herald, Bridgeport, Conn., is the scandal sheet of the State of Connecticut; that the office knows something of Russo and knows that they are always digging into sensational news. I asked Powell what he knew about Charles Cooper and he stated that he has a vague recollection concerning Charles Cooper so I suggested that he check their files and see if there is contained therein anything of significance concerning Cooper and that he should call me by 2:30 if there was anything of significance in their files inasmuch as I contemplated calling Russo by 2:30.

65-15348-2132A

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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LVB:MT

While talking with Powell, Mr. Wick called to advise that the Bureau's records reflected that in 1940 the Sunday Herald was considered to be the Daily Worker paper in Connecticut; that I should therefore be most circumspect in my conversation with Russo at the time I called him and he again wanted to be sure that I was the one to call Russo. I told Mr. Wick that I would furnish him only the date and place of arrest but that if any opportunity offered I would endeavor to find out what his interest was. Mr. Wick agreed that this would be satisfactory.

Shortly thereafter Mr. Powell again called from New Haven and stated that they have a [redacted] as does New York [redacted] -69486) on Cooper, indicating that Cooper was a [redacted] and admitted having been a member back in 1937; that he is a Security Index subject; that he owns the Peter Gale Studio, Stamford, Conn. In the interim SA Jack O'Brien, Section 6, NYO, advised that the Rosenbergs had lived at the Knickerbocker Village from 1942 to the time of the arrest.

I thereafter telephoned Mr. Russo, advising that Julius Rosenberg was arrested 7/17/50 at 40 Monroe St., Apartment GE 11, Knickerbocker Village, that Ethel was arrested in front of the US Court House 8/11/50. As soon as I had furnished the above information Mr. Russo said thanks, very much, that he appreciated the information; he said "Oh, in case you're interested and have a couple of minutes I would like to tell you that during the time the Rosenbergs were endeavoring to gain sympathy and also during the time that there was a lot of propaganda concerning the Rosenberg sentence of death, our newspaper received some letters to the editor from persons who obviously were sympathetic to the Rosenbergs; so I went out and interviewed some of these people, asking them how they could reconcile the detailed careful treatment being afforded the Rosenbergs in the US with the manner in which the persons being tried by the Communists in Czechoslovakia had been treated." Russo said that "some of the answers I got were quite interesting, one of them saying that there was no particular connection between the two cases." Russo then said "In any event the information I got from these interviews was sufficiently good for me to write a couple of articles which resulted in these people moving from where they lived." He said "of course we know where they moved to so it didn't make any difference anyhow." I thanked Mr. Russo for the information without comment.

I suggested to SA Powell while talking to him that the Sunday Herald be followed for the next several days for the purpose of determining whether any articles of interest to the NY office or the Bureau in the Rosenberg case might appear in said paper and to keep us properly advised.

SAC, Cleveland

January 12, 1953

SAC, New York (100-107111)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The following article appeared in the "Morning Freiheit" of
January 8, 1953, on page 3, columns 4-5.

In Washington - For The Rosenbergs

by A. ~~STRAUSS~~

...of steel and iron,
Cold, hard and mate,
Forge a heart for yourself,
Oh run, and come!

These unforgettable words from H.N. HVALIK's "The City of
Destruction" came to mind when I joined the big march demonstration, last
Monday, a few hundred yards from the White House.

The march began, at 9:00 A.M., with a few hundred people, and by
12 noon had grown to a people's march of fifteen hundred. The crowd became
bigger and thicker from hour to hour. Marching were young and old and of
all nationalities and colors.

The author of these lines recognized steel workers and coal miners
from Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois, and automobile workers from Michigan.
Marching were hundreds of Jewish workers from the needle-trades in New York,
Chicago, Los Angeles and other cities. Marching with them were Jewish
intellectuals, poets, writers and artists.

From her sick bed, in Cleveland, the beloved Negro leader Margaret
Cherry joined the marchers, and walked back and forth, without stopping,
for 4 hours; and later she made a heart-rending appeal to the Congressmen
from Ohio for the lives of the Rosenbergs.

Quietly and with bowed head the people marched back and forth from
9:00 A.M. until 1:00 P.M. No one spoke. The hundreds of shields and slogans
spoke for themselves...

But in this mass silence there boiled and seethed a sea of anger

- 1 - NY 65-15348 (Julius & Ethel Rosenberg)
1 - NY 100-21 (Morning Freiheit)

65-15348-2136A

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FBI - NEW YORK	

and protest. This honorable demonstration by 1,500 marchers symbolized the arousal of the honest masses in the United States and of all nations, who demand that the murder of these two innocent parents of two small children, not be committed!

The author of these lines joined delegations which held conferences with the Congressmen from Ohio, Michigan and Pennsylvania.

With the exception of a few Congressmen, the greater majority listened to the delegations with sympathy and promised they would help influence the President to change the sentence. Finnegan, of Ohio, was the only Congressman who tried to engage in red-baiting.

The delegations from New York, Illinois, and other states had the same experience with their Congressmen.

The spirit of the Washington demonstration should now be spread to every corner of the land. Save the lives of these innocent victims of war hysteria!

The above was translated by SE HIRSH N. RABINOWITZ and is being submitted for your information.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT
INSPECTION SERVICE
POST OFFICE INSPECTOR IN CHARGE

HJB

In Reply refer
to

NEW YORK 1, N. Y.

January 12, 1953.

Rev. J. J. Dawson,
Mount Rainier Methodist Church,
Mount Rainier, Maryland.

Dear Rev. Dawson:

Your local postmaster has referred to this Service the communication of the Sponsoring Clergymen, P.O. Box 136, Madison Square Station, New York 10, N.Y., addressed to your son, urging assistance in obtaining the commutation of the death sentence in the Rosenberg case.

The communication is not amenable under the postal statutes. However, in view of possible subversive connections, we are taking the liberty of referring the communication complained of to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 290 Broadway, New York 7, N.Y., who have investigative jurisdiction in such matters.

Thank you for having presented the matter for our consideration.

Sincerely yours,

HJB Montague
Post Office Inspector in Charge.

cc to FBI with ltr subject of complaint.

(See Ex-3 18595-)

65-15348-2137

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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JAN 14 1953	
NEW YORK	
<i>J. A. Harrington</i>	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Handwritten initials

TO : SAC, New York (65-15348)

DATE: January 14, 1953

FROM : SAC, Pittsburgh (65-1384)

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG; et al.
ESPIONAGE - R

On January 8, 1953, Dr. JOHN W. HOLLISTER, District Superintendent of the Methodist Church, 1580 Quarrier Street, Charleston, W. Va., furnished this office with a mimeographed letter which he had received from Sponsoring Clergymen, Box 136, Madison Square Station, New York 10, N. Y. Said letter also contained an enclosure identified as an open letter to the President which the recipient of the letter was to sign and forward to President TRUMAN. The Sponsoring Clergymen are apparently 11 in number and their names appear on the mimeographed letter received by Dr. HOLLISTER. Both of the above pieces of mail are enclosed herewith for the information of the New York Office.

On January 10, 1953, this office was in receipt of a note from WILLIAM VERNER NELSON, Pastor, First Christian Church, Arch and Montgomery Streets, Pittsburgh 12, Pa., which enclosed duplicate copies of the above-mentioned letters from the Sponsoring Clergymen.

Reverend NELSON advised in his note that the Sponsoring Clergymen were apparently duped into using their names for what appeared to them as a worthy cause. He stated that one of the Clergymen, ROBERT M. HOPKINS, was very well known to him and that he considered HOPKINS 100% American. The material furnished this office by Reverend NELSON is being retained in the Pittsburgh files since it is identical with the material furnished by Dr. HOLLISTER.

Encs. 2

JTM/jep

cc: 1 - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(See 65-1E594)

65-15348-241

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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JAN 16 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

John A. ...

SAC, New York (100-80309)

1/16/53

SA HARRY C. O'CONNELL

IRVING GOFF, was
IS - C

On 1/4/53 NY-600-S of known reliability advised that SOPHIE GOFF contacted ROSE (KELLY) and inquired if her children could sleep at ROSE's house tonight since everyone was leaving tomorrow on that trip. SOPHIE stated that her mother would pick up the children and at 6 PM she would have the baby sitter after that.

The informant further stated that SOPHIE GOFF contacted a woman named EDNA (LNU) and asked for AGNES (FEDERCOLLS) who was not home. SOPHIE told EDNA to tell AGNES that she was going tomorrow and indicated that JOSIE (RUBIN) was also going.

It was later determined that the contact made by SOPHIE GOFF to EDNA was at the home of SAMUEL COLEMAN, 249 E. Broadway, NYC.

It was the informant's belief that the above mentioned trip referred to above was a trip to Washington, D.C. on behalf of the defense of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG, convicted espionage agents.

NY-600-S previously mentioned advised that Mrs. GOFF returned from this trip in the early morning hours of 1/6/53.

- 1 - NY 100-85707 (SOPHIE GOFF)
- 1 - 100- (JOSEPHINE RUBINO)
- 1 - 100-68737 (SAMUEL COLEMAN)
- 1 - 100-93624 (AGNES FEDERCOLLS)
- ① - 65-15348 (JULIUS ROSENBERG)

65-15348 2144

#6

J.A. Harling

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JAN 16 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

SAC, New York

1/16/53

SA HARRY C. O'CONNELL (100-80309)

Index for
IRVING GOFF, was
IS - C

ALMANZ
On 12/29/52, NY-180-1, of known reliability advised that GAIL (ph) (BAYER) contacted SOPHIE GOFF. SOPHIE said that she had contacted EMILY COLMAN and EMILY did not know if she could make it. SOPHIE suggested that GAIL call EMILY at the office and added that GAIL should come prepared to talk in case EMILY did not show up.

According to the informant GAIL stated that she thought SOPHIE should come prepared to talk but SOPHIE declined to assume the responsibility. SOPHIE gave GAIL EMILY's office number as Bn 9-9695. SOPHIE promised to be there tonight.

The above number is listed to the "ROSENBERG Office" which is the ROSENBERG Defense Office.

- 1 - 100-85707 (SOPHIE GOFF)
- 1 - 100-106044 (MRS. MICHAEL DAVIDSON)
- (1) - 65-15348 (JULIUS ROSENBERG)

#6 65-15348-2145

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JAN 20 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Harrington

SAC, New York

January 19, 1953

SA FRANCIS V. GARDNER (65-15348)

JULIUS ROSENBERG,
ET AL
ESPIONAGE - R

On 1/10/53 at 7:05 P. M., [redacted] advised the writer telephonically that he had learned of an unannounced demonstration for the ROSENBERG's scheduled for that evening, 8:15 P. M. at Duffy Square, 44th & Broadway, New York City. Informant advised that a few LYL members would take part but was unable to learn who would sponsor the demonstration. Informant advised that because of surprise element it was anticipated that some trouble might develop.

Informant advised that ALBERT LESSNER, Chairman and PAUL (LNU), both of the west Bronx LYL Club, intended to take part in the demonstration.

This information was furnished immediately to weekend supervisor for submission to SA JOHN HARRINGTON, #6, to whom the ROSENBERG case is assigned.

Widif

*still no of
2/5/53*

- 1-NY 100-107111 (NATIONAL COMMITTEE, JUSTICE, ROSENBERG CASE)
- 1-NY 100-26603 (CP, USA)
- 1-NY 100-95240 (LYL)
- 1-NY 100-488 (ALBERT LESSNER)

See info on 1/16/47

65-15348-2175B

FVG:AO

*100-80675-1B1139 p20 att
97-169-1203 p49 att
1490 Hokep...
Brook...
rehearsal 1948*

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JAN 19 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Harrington #6

SAC, NY

1/20/53

JOHN W. DOOLEY, SA (100-80675)

CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS
IS - C

Attached hereto is a copy of a report of [redacted] of known reliability, dated 12/23/52. The original report was furnished to SA JOHN W. DOOLEY on 1/6/53. In this report informant furnished the details of the demonstration for JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG at Ossining, New York on 12/21/52.

The original report is filed as Serial 75 of [redacted]

- 1 - NY [redacted]
- 1 - NY 100-8275 (WILLIAM PATTERSON)
- 1 - NY 100-61206 (EDWARD EAST)
- 1 - NY 100-83496 (ELAINE ROSS)
- 1 - NY 100-74720 (MARLEN MOBLEY)
- 1 - NY 100-2936 (J.F.P.O.)
- 1 - NY 100-95345 (ABNEY GROSSMAN)
- 1 - NY 100-102136 (FERRIS MITCHELL)
- 1 - NY 100-111048 (ROSAMIL MOBLEY)
- 1 - NY 100-107111 (ROSENBERG COMMITTEE)
- 1 - NY 65-15348 (JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG)

JWD:sk

65-15348-247A

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JAN 21 1953	
NEW YORK	

John J. Ferraro

COPY

Dec. 23, 1952
New York

Civil Rights Congress Activities

Re: The Rosenberg Clemency Train to Ossining.

The last figures which were given to me by MOLLY, bookkeeper for the N.Y. State and National Civil Rights Congress, show that 763 people participated in the Ossining, N.Y. demonstration for the ROSENBERGS.

The "Clemency Train" for Ossining, N.Y. left the N.Y. Grand Central Station on the morning of Dec. 21st, 1952. 715 people paid the rail road fare of \$2.42. The rest, C.R.C. functionaries and some Negro "Captains" didn't pay any fare.

While on the train [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Just too early this group was in a [REDACTED] different groups in it and in other cars of the "Clemency Train" were talking and singing. Most of the songs were "working class" revolutionary songs.

Women were in the majority. About 3/4 were youth. There were about 50 Negro men and women. The Bronx Women's Forum had some 25 members on the train. The Jewish Peoples Fraternal Order had a large number of members on the train. We were told on the train (by [REDACTED], a Negro train captain) that every I.W.O. National Group had representatives on the train. Every C.R.C. chapter in N.Y. and of the boroughs, New Rochelle, etc. had delegates on this train. Walking through the 5 car train, looking over the people, I saw many who [REDACTED] members of the Communist Party.

[REDACTED] the majority of the delegates in every car were members of the C.P. and the rest of them were left-wingers, C.P. sympathizers.

On the train [REDACTED] told the speakers that no one of them will be introduced. That one speaker will follow another and that he will be the last speaker. He told [REDACTED] GROSSMAN to leave the train as soon as it will stop and talk to the police to order of the march to the prison. [REDACTED] ROSS, A. WALDICK and BESSIE MITCHELL were told to see that all those emerging from the train be lined up by the Captains in two's and when leaving the train to line up in four's.

When the train came to a stop at about 12:15 P.M. this order was observed. On the train the marchers noticed the "police horses" and group of policemen at different streets and PATTERSON exclaimed: "Oh, there is our reception committee!" The marchers stopped before the "police horses" which barricaded the train off the streets and PATTERSON with GOSWAMI started negotiating with the Chief of Police. After some minutes of negotiations PATTERSON, through a police loud speaker, told the crowd the police wouldn't let the marchers go to the prisons; that the marchers will have to stop at the barricade up the street, turn back and assemble at the square near the railroad station where the meeting will be held. He asked the crowd to observe discipline, to be orderly, etc. The police barricades were removed and the march started. Half way before the last police barricade the marchers started singing The Star Spangled Banner and the Battle Hymn of the Republic and some other songs. The marchers also chanted "The ROSENBERGS shall not die."

From the train up the street to the police barricaded and back to the square the marchers were led by WM. PATTERSON, the speakers and C.P.C. functionaries carrying a large floral wreath with the inscriptions: "Greetings to JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG from the people." There were also a few small bouquets of flowers and a large banner with the inscription: "Save the ROSENBERGS."

The meeting started after the marchers gathered in the square near the railroad station.

KAREN WARELEY said in her speech that the ROSENBERGS are not guilty. She demanded presidential clemency and stated that although the marchers were not permitted to go to the prison walls "the ROSENBERGS hear us and so does President TRUMAN" and the judges and the American people and the people of the world.

HOWARD EAST made a "strong" speech in which he called the administration of President TRUMAN "bloodthirsty." He declared that "No government as such a record of legal murders and legal lynchings as the U. S. Government in the past seven years." He said that he came here "to protest murder and terror which has become a policy of HARRY TRUMAN."

ROSALIE ^{McGEE} stated that the government knows that the ROSENBERGS are innocent; that the purpose of the conviction of the ROSENBERGS was to spread Anti-Semitism in the U. S. just as the conviction and execution of her innocent husband was to spread Anti-Negroism in the country. She called upon the people to fight for the ROSENBERGS until they are free.

WILLIAM PATTERSON told the meeting that "We gathered here to express our love to the ROSENBERGS." Also: "we have also a selfish reason for being here; the conviction and planned execution of the ROSENBERGS is putting in danger the safety of everyone in America. We came here to save the ROSENBERGS and the Bill of Rights." He also said that "while we are marching here to save the lives of the ROSENBERGS millions of people throughout the world are marching with us today. We are determined that the cold war arms shall not take place." He also stated that the people of the U.S. have in their hands "not only the lives of the ROSENBERGS, but also the future destiny of this country." He told the meeting that it isn't the fault of the police that the demonstrators weren't allowed to march to the prison. He said that the police received orders to this effect "Directly from Washington". The crowd sang Star Spangled Banner and a song of the Warren Ghetto. After the meeting a group of seven were taken in a police car to "present the flowers to the ROSENBERGS."

This group includes: WILLIAM PATTERSON, KAREN WOBLEY, ROSALIE McGE, ABBEY CROSSMAN, ELLAINE ROSE, BESSIE MITCHELL and HOWARD FACT. When the delegation of seven returned to the Square W. PATTERSON told the crowd: he left the flowers for the ROSENBERGS. Although we couldn't see the ROSENBERGS, I pledged on your behalf before the prison walls that we will continue our fight for the lives of the ROSENBERGS and for peace and democracy. This magnificent demonstration will lift the morale of progressive America." Because of the rain the crowd went into the waiting room at the railroad station, where they sang different songs, including "PATTERSON is our leader, we shall not be moved." For the return (to N.Y.) trip the railroad management added 2 more cars to the "Clarency train." The train left for N.Y. at 2:40 PM.

On the train EDITH ROSENBERG (of the C.R.C.) proposed the appointment of committees for the purpose of selling tickets for the Manhattan Towers meeting which will be held on Dec. 23rd, 1952 "to greet the ROSENBERG delegation and to send off the Christiana delegation to visit Mrs. INGRAM." While selling tickets for this meeting the people should be informed that at this meeting members of the ROSENBERG delegation will be shown. PATTERSON and the others agreed with this proposal. Each train was notified and committees were organized.

The committees were selling tickets for the Manhattan Towers meeting (24 tickets were sold); collecting money for the delegates to visit the political prisoners on the booklets of the "Holiday greetings" (11 dollars was collected) and collecting funds "to continue the fight to save the ROSENBERGS" (\$7.05 was collected).

Talking about the effect this demonstration will have on

the ROSENBERG's case, PATTERSON, GROSSMAN and PAST expressed their belief that this demonstration will have a lot of publicity "bad or good one - the case will be brought to the people" and "spies and murderers are not being visited by a delegation of 500 people carrying flowers; the people will take notice of this fact" - ROBERT PAST. PATTERSON and others made favorable comments on the politeness of the police. PAST said: "No. They are brutal beasts." PATTERSON said: "WASHINGTON was afraid of a second Pookskill.", etc.

AUGUST GROSSMAN told me that the National Committee for the ROSENBERGS did not (officially) participate in the Ossining Demonstration and it will not participate in the Dec. 23rd meeting (Manhattan Towers). He said that many members of the ROSENBERG National Com. are "confused on this and many other points and issues. They are afraid that this kind of demonstrations, etc. might have a bad effect on the Cleaver plea."

P.S.



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The

DATE: Jan 20, 1953

FROM : SA Wm F Murlin Jr.

SUBJECT: Julius Rosenberg, et al
Esp - R
NY File 65-15348Edgar Frank American Legion Content

Mintsville Ny made available the attached full page adv. which appeared in the Republican - Watchman, Jan 16, 1953. This adv. was published by the Emergency Committee of Sullivan County to secure alimony for the Rosenbergs. Alton O. Benton, publisher of this newspaper, is reported to have claimed that he received the adv. in bag mail and was later paid \$14 in cash by an unknown individual.

The American Legion Post at Mintsville Ny is preparing a resolution to be submitted to the President of the VA; the Supreme Court of the U.S and the Hill Headquarters, Americanism Committee of the Amer. Legion Wash. D.C calling for the execution of the Rosenbergs.

65-15348-2147B

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J. A. Harrington

See
18581

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC
FROM : SA E. K. DEANE

DATE: January 20, 1953

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

() CSNY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 80 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

(X) CSNY 426, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Worker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers' Bookshop; F & D Printing Co.; 12th - 13th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951, the National State and N. Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received November 13, 1952

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit SA E. K. DEANE AND SE D. A. CRESSIER

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(X) Placed in NY file 100-107111

Serial 515
Exhibit# 1211

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: Press release forwarded to the "Morning Freiheit" concerning a ROSENBERG Defense meeting in Chicago on November 13, 1952. Translated by SE HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ.

100-107111
cc: 65-15348 (JULIUS & ETHEL ROSENBERG) ✓
100-21 (MORNING FREIHEIT)

65-15348-242

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SAC, NY

1/21/53

JOHN W. DOOLEY, SA (100-80675)

CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS
IS-C

Attached hereto is a copy of a report of NY [redacted] of known reliability, dated 12/27/52. The original report was furnished to SA JOHN W. DOOLEY on 1/6/53. In this report, informant described the mass meeting held by the CRC at Manhattan Towers Hotel, NYC, on 1/23/52, for the purpose of "greeting" those who took the "clemency train" to see the ROSENBERGS on 12/21/52.

The original report is filed as serial 79 of [redacted]

- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - 100-10711 (ROSENBERG COMMITTEE)
- 1 - 65-15348 (JULIUS & ETHEL ROSENBERG)
- 1 - 100-83496 (ELAINE ROSS)
- 1 - 100-13743 (LEON STRAUS)
- 1 - 100-66772 (EMILY ALMAN)
- 1 - 100- (BELLE SONDIN)
- 1 - 100-74720 (HAREN MORLEY)
- 1 - 100- (MANILLA MORRIS)
- 1 - 77-4562 (CARL MARZANI)
- 1 - 100-13483 (BETTY GANNETT)
- 1 - 100-84275 (WILLIAM PATTERSON)

65-15348-2150A

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John W. Dooley

C O P Y

N. Y. STATE CIVIL RIGHTS
CONGRESS ACTIVITIES

Re: Mass meeting to greet the "clemency train" delegation to the Rosenbergs.

The N. Y. State Civil Rights Congress held a mass meeting to greet the delegation to the Rosenbergs of Dec. 21st, 1952, at the Manhattan Towers Hotel in N.Y.C. on Dec. 23rd, 1952.

The chairman of the meeting was Elaine Ross, head of the N. Y. State C.R.C. She opened the meeting with a short report on the Rosenberg delegation of Dec. 21, 1952. She said that the people of the world "took notice" about the visit of 800 people to the Rosenbergs and that "we brought the Rosenbergs case to the people of America through the press which was compelled to tell the readers that 800 Americans came to greet the Rosenbergs with banners and with flowers." She said that "the Rosenbergs are lonely but they are not alone. Millions of people in this country and the world over are with them." She stated that "the Rosenbergs are innocent victims of the cold war" and that "the fight to save their lives will go on until the Rosenbergs will emerge from the prison as free people."

Leon Straus spoke of the war Korea "as an attempt by the Wall Street imperialists to control or to destroy Korea." He said that "while Russia, China and the Eastern democracies are marching to freedom the reactionaries of this country are leading the march towards Fascism and war." He stated that "the same forces that killed Sacco and Vengetti are now trying to kill the Rosenbergs. These reactionaries are also trying to destroy the labor movement in this country." Straus declared that "the Rosenbergs are innocent victims of the Truman cold war" and he called upon the labor movement to "put all its energy during the next few weeks to save the lives of the Rosenbergs." He urged everyone to go to the shops, neighborhoods, etc., to talk about the Rosenberg case and make the people demand that the President should extend executive clemency to the Rosenbergs. "The people must be made conscious of the fact that the Rosenbergs are innocent and that the Jewish question has played a big part in the conviction of the Rosenbergs."

Emily Alman said that at this moment "we are interested only in the saving of the lives of the Rosenbergs. The question at the present moment is not their guilt or innocence. Their

lives are at stake and we must save their lives."

She outlined a program of immediate action which included: organization of mass meetings by all groups working to secure clemency for the Rosenbergs; advertising in newspaper; securing the cooperation of mass organizations and influential individuals in the fight for clemency for the Rosenbergs; to secure the participation of labor, religious and professional groups in the national clemency delegation to Washington on Jan. 5th, 1953; to secure the participation of people from every city and town in the 24 hour vigil at the White House starting on Dec. 27, 1952 until "we win clemency for the Rosenbergs"; to send delegations to every Congressman and Senator, to Governors, Mayors, Doctors, lawyers, etc; to organize large scale distribution of material on the Rosenberg case; door to door visits of all the neighborhoods and the solicitation of letters and telegrams to the President. She appealed to everyone to participate in all of these actions. "We still could save the lives of the Rosenbergs if we will put all our energy into this fight."

Chairman calls upon everyone present at this meeting to go to the prison to sing Christmas carols to Elizabeth Flynn on Dec. 24th, between 4:45 and 6 p.m.

Chairman asked that all those that participated in the "clemency train" delegation should rise. About 50 people rose. They were greeted by handclaps. The same happened when she asked the Rosalee Ingram delegation of "12 women" to rise. (One of the Ingram delegates was Bell Sondin. She was the same person who chaired the C.R.C. conference on the Rosenbergs which was held at 23 W. 26 St., N.Y.C.).

Karen Morley read the speech to the jury on "Evils of War" made by Sacco during the trial of Sacco and Vanzetti. She told the meeting that this speech of Sacco will always be timely. "She told the meeting: It's too late to be afraid. We must fight reaction on every front."

Mainia Morris (negro shop steward of local 65 Warehouse Union) said that "as long as the Rosenbergs are in jail none of us is free." She spoke about the war in Korea where "negro and white boys are dying for Wall Street" and "should the Rosenbergs be executed the next step will be the smashing of the labor movement and the 3rd World War will follow. This is the pattern of Fascism. For our own safety and for the

safety of the people of the world we must fight to free the Rosenbergs."

Carl Marzani said that "the fight for the Rosenbergs is a test of the power of the progressive movement in the United States. The world is watching us. We must not fail in this supreme struggle against Fascism in this country. He called for donations "to fight to save the lives of the Rosenbergs." The collection was \$511.25. (The money went to C.R.C. for paying of wages and some bills).

Fetty Gannett said that "800 million people already have achieved the freedom we are fighting for today in our country " and she underlined that "our job today is to enlighten the people of our country; to tell them the truth about the real aims of this government." She said that "Washington would never dare to go on with the war preparations if the people would start demanding peace. Our job is to make the people demand peace." She spoke about the trial of the N.Y. Communist leaders and she said: "Our trial will come to an end in the middle of Jan. 1953. We have no illusions about the outcome of the trial, but at the present moment we consider the Rosenberg case is of greater importance. Lets fight to save the lives of the Rosenbergs. Lets fight for peace. Lets fight against the Smith Act."

William Patterson repeated in most part the speech he made in (illegible) on Dec. 21st, 1952. He added some remarks that "the Rosenberg case carries the seeds of Fascism... The Rosenbergs symbolize the nature of the struggle we are in... We are in this fight (for the Rosenbergs) not for humanitarian reasons...the tempo of the will of our fight will decide the faith of democracy in our country...ours is a political struggle ...we fight for the Rosenbergs to save our democracy, to save the world from war and Fascism." He called upon all the people "negro and white" to participate in the vigil of Dec. 27 and "to come back and go again to Washington on January 5th and force Truman to extend executive clemency to the Rosenbergs. We must keep on fighting for the full freedom of the Rosenbergs because they are innocent."

Martha Schlawme sang the "Ghetto Song" and other songs.

Movies of the "clemency train" and of the (illegible) demonstration and march of the delegation of 800 to the Rosenbergs of Dec. 21st, 1952 were shown at this meeting by one

by the name of Phil. I saw the same man taking movies in
Ossining, N.Y.

346 people were present at this meeting.



6

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

FD-71
(7-20-65)



IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO
FILE NO. _____

COMPLAINT FORM

Davis - David Rosenberg
 Subject's Name and Aliases
National Committee to Secure Justice
in the Rosenberg Case
David Rosenberg
 Address of Subject

 Character of Case

David Davis
 Name of Complainant
 Address of Complainant
 Telephone Number of Complainant
 Date and Time Complaint Received

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT:

FACTS OF COMPLAINT: Davis Davis' "editorial" entitled "The
Prohibition of the Writer which was found near
the home of Rose Resnick.

*Pamphlet Destroyed
no value to this case
JH
1/30/53*

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

No action

65-15348

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65-15348-2151A

Wm J. Walsh
Special Agent

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC

DATE: Jan 26, 1953

FROM : SA Wm. F. NORTON, JR.

SUBJECT: RE:- Julius Rosenberg, et al

ESP-R

On Jan 23, 1953 the writer located Conf. Informant

[REDACTED] & [REDACTED] where he is operating a [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED] with his cousin, under the name [REDACTED]
 It is located at the Blinker light at [REDACTED] He can
 be contacted through a coin phone in the [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]

This informant advised me that he had sent a [REDACTED] to
 [REDACTED] Rosenberg's attorney, Emanuel Block, in Oct., 1952 offering his
 [REDACTED]
 but he received no reply from Block although he gave him his
 present address at [REDACTED]

I then telephonically contacted SA JOHN A. HARRINGTON at
 N.Y., N.Y. and discussed with him the informant's present location
 and situation. As a result of this conversation I instructed the
 informant to write a letter to Block, in which he [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] This letter was to be sent Special
 Delivery to 270 Bway, Block's old address, and a copy of the letter
 was to be sent to SA HARRINGTON at N.Y. The informant was also
 instructed that in the event some Presidential disposition is
 made of the Rosenberg's appeal that he immediately send Block a

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a [REDACTED] renewing his [REDACTED] The informant was also
him
advised that SA HARRINGTON would telephonically contact/on Jan 30, 1953.

SA Wm F. NORTON, JR.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC

DATE: Jan. 26, 1953

FROM : SA Wm F. NORTON, JR.

SUBJECT: RE:- JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al

ESP - R (N.Y. File 65-15348)

On January 22, 1953 Ralph Washington, Postmaster, Monticello N.Y. advised that he had received a signed letter from FANNY RUBIN, Monticello, N.Y. to receive the mail from General Delivery for the Emergency Committee of Sullivan County to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. FANNY RUBIN signed this letter as a member of the Executive Committee of the Emergency Committee.

Mr. Washington also advised that he had a conversation with Alvin Benton, publisher of the Republican-Watchman, Monticello, N.Y. in which Benton admitted that he had received \$114.80 in cash for the advertisement. And that the adv. was placed by DAVID JAFFEE, of Glen Wild, N.Y. Mr. Washington said that prior to the printing of the full page adv. on Jan 16, 1953 that BENTON phoned him inquiring if the P.O. had a P.O. box that could be used for answers to an adv. Mr. Washington told him that it was not. BENTON then asked if General Delivery could be used and Mr. Washington told him that he knew of no rule against it. But BENTON never explained to him what was the purpose of the adv. Benton has now told Mr. Washington, since the printing of the adv., that JAFFE phoned and bawled him out for using General Delivery, Monticello, N.Y. as the return address. BENTON claims that he has a recording of that conversation.

cc:- 100-110788

65-15348 2152B

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC

DATE: Jan 26, 1953

FROM : SA: W. F. NORTON, JR.

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.,
ESP- R (N.Y. File 65-15348)

On Jan. 21, 1953 JAMES ASKIN, Comm of Elections, Sullivan County, Monticello, N.Y. advised that he had received a mimeograph letter from MRS. ELIZABETH KELLY, Woodbourne, N.Y. postmarked Jan. 6, 1953, Woodbourne, N.Y. He stated that this letter was from the American Labor Party of Sullivan County, Woodridge, N.Y. P.O. Box 332 and enclosed a pamphlet entitled "A Statement on the Rosenberg Case" by Rabbi Dr. Meyer Sharf. The letter requested that the reader wire or write the President of the U.S. to grant clemency to the Rosenbergs.

It is believed that one of the authors of the mimeographed letter was DAVID JAFFE, Glen Wild, N.Y. (NY File# ~~65-110788~~), as he placed a full page adv. in the Republican-Watchman of Jan 16, 1953. on behalf of the Emergency Committee of Sullivan County to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

CC:- American Labor Party 100-

Jan
18579
18580

65-15348-2152c

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FBI - NEW YORK	

J. A. [Signature]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York (65-15348)

FROM : SAC, Pittsburgh (65-1384)

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG; et al.
ESPIONAGE - R
(New York - Origin)

DATE: January 27, 1953

On 1/21/53 Reverend GEORGE A. MYERS, a Methodist minister, 2216 Wayne Street, Erie, Pa., furnished SA JAMES V. KINNANE with literature which he had received via the mails. The above literature consists of a mimeographed letter issued by the Sponsoring Clergymen, Box 136, Madison Square Station, New York 10, N. Y., and seeks the addressee's help in signing an enclosed letter to the President of the United States asking him to commute the death sentence passed on JULIUS ROSENBERG and his wife ETHEL ROSENBERG. These items have been initialed by Reverend MYERS and SA KINNANE and are being forwarded for your information.

Reverend MYERS advised SA KINNANE he was definitely not in sympathy with such an appeal and he was unable to state how his name had come to the attention of the organization which forwarded the above material.

Enclosures 2

JTM/jep

65-15348 2/53

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J. A. Kinnane

(65-15348-11570)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NY

FROM : SA THOMAS J. McANDREWS (65-15348)

SUBJECT: JULIUS & ETHEL ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: 1/28/53

At 5:20 p.m., 1/27/53, I telephonically advised BILL CLEVELAND at the Bureau of the following:

AUSA JAMES B. KILSHEIMER today adjudged KAUFMAN'S request contacting Pardon Attorney DAN A. LYONS in the Department concerning expediting the review on the ROSENBERGS' appeal. LYONS told KILSHEIMER that it would take at least three weeks for him to process the ROSENBERGS' application and that no one could hurry it unless by request of the Attorney General or the President. Judge KAUFMAN then called an unknown official in the Department of Justice and requested that this matter be expedited.

65-15348-2154

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J. McAndrews

1/29/53

Memo -

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG
ESP-R

On 6/30/51, DAVID GREENGLASS

advised the writer that there was a second individual, who went to Spain during the Spanish Revolution, who would visit JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG at 64 Sheriff Street in the upstairs apartment of the GREENGLASSES on several occasions

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was unable to definitely state when this took place; however he is of the opinion that the early 1940's or last 1930's would be approximately right.

He described this individual

as:

Name:	Unknown
Address:	✓
Sex:	Male
Color:	White
Height:	5'8"
Build:	Thin + mus.
Age:	33 (approx), 1950
Face:	Round + heavy beard
Comp:	Dark
Eyes:	Wore thick glasses

(3)

Employment:

Exterminator
by professional
hotel business
in New York
+ one down
south.
MARK PAGE took
over business.

To Robert F. Royal #6

This individual was later identified
by David Greenglass in May 2, 1952 at Lewisburg
Penitentiary as an individual named "Chick" - low.
David also stated this individual also
played the piano.

John A. Harrington

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : FILE (65-15348)

FROM : SAC, NYC

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: 1/28/53

K. S. GINGER, who stated he was General Manager of one of the subsidiary corporations of Prentice Hall Publishers, telephone 1/27/53, and stated that he had a "screwball idea" that he would like to present to me for such observations as I saw fit to make. He indicated that the ROSENBERG case had aroused tremendous national interest; that it would be a very useful thing if the ROSENBERGS confessed. He stated that if a book publisher were to make a substantial cash offer to the ROSENBERGS for exclusive rights to publish all their story, it might cause them to want to confess in order to have a means of financially assisting their children. He wondered what thought I might have on the matter.

I, of course, informed Mr. GINGER that if the ROSENBERGS saw fit to confess, such statements they might make would be highly confidential and of course, could not be divulged outside of official circles until a complete investigation had been conducted and appropriate prosecution instituted as a consequence of the investigation; that only following such activity could there be any publication of anything the ROSENBERGS might say by way of confession. Mr. GINGER stated he, of course, realized that but would merely desire, if they would put up a substantial sum of money to have exclusive rights, to publish at such time as such information was available for publication. I told Mr. GINGER that I would be very pleased to discuss it with Bureau officials and subsequently advise him.

I telephonically contacted Inspector J. J. MC GUIRE, who stated that the FBI could in no way participate in such a plan since it would be contrary to the Bureau policy making such information available to all sources where the information is public information, as obviously a confession of the ROSENBERGS would be.

I telephonically contacted Mr. GINGER, 1/28/53 and apprised him of the above. Mr. GINGER stated that in the event Prentice Hall took any further action in the matter, they would keep us advised.

LVB:SLM

65-15348-2156

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 28 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

J. J. McGuire

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: 65-58235

New York Field Division

2/1/53 Date

Title and Character of Case: JULIUS ROSENBERG
ETHEL ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

Date Property Acquired: 7/17/50 - Through search of ROSENBERG apartment
incidental to arrest of JULIUS ROSENBERG
Source From Which Property Acquired: 10 Monroe St., Apt. GE-11, New York City

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Safety Deposit box Manufacturers
Trust Company

Reason for Retention of Property and
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Being held pending result of appeal
by ROSENBERGS

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: 1B15 One Croton man's watch #48363
1B15 One Clebar man's wrist watch
1B16 One Waltham pocket watch and chain,
case #6454038

*Plgs containing above
examined @ Safe Deposit
Bank with ASA 7/1/53
Q. S. Civali*

SA William P. Norton

Field File #: 65-15348

Section 6

65-15348-2157A

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: 65-58235

New York Field Division

2/1/53 Date

Title and Character of Case: JULIUS ROSENBERG
ETHEL ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

Date Property Acquired: 8/11/50 - Search incidental to arrest.

Source From Which Property Acquired: Search of ETHEL ROSENBERG

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Safety Deposit Box
Manufacturers Trust Company

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Being held pending result of appeal
by ROSENBERGS

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same: ^{1B235} One Driva wrist watch
^{1B240} One 14k gold signet ring

*pkg. containing about
about Examined @ Safe Deposit
Vault with ASAC McCabe
7/1/53
A.F. Cowley*

SA John A. Harrington

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: 65-5236

New York Field Division

2/1/53 Date

Title and Character of Case: JULIUS ROSENBERG; ETHEL ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

Date Property Acquired: 7/17/50

Source From Which Property Acquired: Search incidental to the arrest of JULIUS
ROSENBERG, GE 11, 10 Monroe Street, New
York City

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Exhibit Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Being held pending outcome of appeal
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: of the ROSENBERG case.

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same:

One brown leather zipper brief case
One Remington portable typewriter, #V290917

SA WILLIAM F. NORTON

1 - NY 65-6649

Field File #: 65-15348
Sec. 6
JJH:ASR

65-15348-2157 C

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: 65-59236

New York Field Division

2/1/53 Date

Title and Character of Case: JULIUS ROSENBERG; ETHEL ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

Date Property Acquired: 8/11/50

Source From Which Property Acquired: Person of ETHEL ROSENBERG; search
incidental to the arrest of ETHEL
ROSENBERG.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Exhibit vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Being held pending outcome of the appeal
in ROSENBERG case.

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same:

- One small clasp pin
- Seven keys
- Seven safety pins

SA John A. Harrington

1 - NY 65-6549

Field File #: 65-15348
Sec. 6
JH:ASR

65-15348-21570

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUFFALO, NEW YORK**

FILE NO. **100-7493 sub**

REPORT MADE AT BUFFALO, NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 8/27/48	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8/11, 18/48	REPORT MADE BY JOHN FRANK GENIS
TITLE GRETA ELIZABETH OHLSEN, wa, Greta Ohlsen		CHARACTER OF CASE SECURITY MATTER-C	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject, presently unemployed, resides at 315 Troop St., Rochester, N.Y. Subject active member in Kirtown Club, CP and also member of ICA Chapter, Rochester. Subject born 5/26/1906, Rochester, N.Y.; attended three special classes held by SAM DECHEN in CP school in New York City. Satisfactory credit rating, Rochester Credit Bureau; no criminal record, Rochester PD. Description set forth.

-C-

REFERENCES:

Letter to Bureau dated 10/12/43.
Letter from Philadelphia 4/23/44.

DETAILS:

By referenced letter to the Bureau, the Buffalo Office advised that the Philadelphia Division advised by letter dated May 31, 1943 that information had been received that subject, OHLSEN who formerly resided at 306 South Coolman St., Rochester, N.Y., had been recently transferred to Section "C" of the CP in Philadelphia. This letter requested that the Buffalo Office secure background information with reference to subject and furnish it to the Philadelphia Office.

In a subsequent communication dated August 3, 1943 from Philadelphia, the letter office advised that subject, OHLSEN, was believed to have been transferred back from Philadelphia to Rochester.

65-15348-2158A

APPROVED AND FORWARDED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5-Bureau 3-Buffalo		150 SERIALIZED	INDEXED FILED FEB - 8 1948 FBI-NEW YORK

By 100-7493

Inquiry at Rochester, N.Y. revealed that the subject was employed as an Assistant Laboratory aide in the Rochester Ordnance District and was believed by informants to be a member of the Communist Party. In view of this employment, a communication was directed to the Director of Military Intelligence at Governors Island, N.Y. and no further investigation was contemplated by this office.

By referenced letter from Philadelphia dated April 25, 1947, this office was advised that Philadelphia Confidential Informant [redacted] a highly confidential source of information of that office, [redacted]

In connection with GUYA ORLSON, it is noted that on December 3, 1942 she was transferred from Section "E", Philadelphia to Rochester, N.Y.

The subject presently resides at 315 Troup St. and is unemployed.

CITIZENSHIP

Subject was born June 26, 1906 at Rochester, N.Y. (Verified by Bausch and Lomb Optical Co., Rochester, N.Y., employment records.)

BACKGROUND

In 1943, subject was known to be employed as an Assistant Laboratory aide at the Rochester Ordnance District Plant.

Mrs. CATHERINE BECKER, Personnel Office, Bausch and Lomb Optical Co., Rochester, N.Y., advised that subject was employed by this concern from October 15, 1939 to October 30, 1940 at which time she left because of lack of opportunity and advancement.

Mrs. D. SMITH, Executive Secretary of the Monroe County Section of the American Cancer Society, 1304 Temple Bldg., Rochester, advised that subject had worked during 1947 and part of 1948 and that subject had not been

[redacted] to her [redacted] advised subject's work was divided between St. Mary's Hospital and the General Hospital, Rochester.

Mrs. SMITH advised the American Cancer Society has no further background information concerning the subject.

ACTIVITIES

On July 26, 1944 [redacted] furnished an up-to-date and complete list of the Communist Party members in the Rochester area. The name, GRETA OHLSEN, 336 South Goodman Street, number 33605, appeared on this list.

Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that on January 31, 1945, a meeting was held at CPA headquarters in Rochester. ABE DILSON, Membership Director of the Communist Party, in reading a list of names of individuals not registered for the year 1945, had mentioned the name of GRETA OHLSEN. When this name was read, BERTHA LOHMEYER, a known Communist Party member, stated that GRETA OHLSEN had returned from Philadelphia and that she had seen her at the FOSTER meeting.

Confidential Informant [redacted] advised that on March 8, 1945 while at Communist Party headquarters in Rochester, New York, DILLINGER and FAY VEDRO, both known Communist Party members in Rochester, discussed a meeting of the Professional Club of the Communist Party held on the previous night. Informant advised that FAY VEDRO stated most of the time was spent on the Fund Drive and that the subject was in attendance at this meeting.

According to Confidential Informant [redacted] the subject attended a special membership meeting of the PCA of Monroe County held on June 6, 1945 in Parlor D, Powers Hotel, Rochester, New York. This meeting, according to the informant, consisted of a general discussion concerning the position of EARL BROWDER in the PCA.

NY 100-7493

By written report, [redacted] advised he attended a meeting of the Middtown Branch of the CP at Rochester on September 25, 1946 at the Godolino Hall, 575 Joseph Ave., Rochester. Informant advised the greater part of this meeting was devoted to the Party's position in the fall elections. According to the informant, subject attended this meeting.

By written report, [redacted] advised he attended a meeting of the Middtown Branch of the Monroe County CP on October 2, 1946 which was held at Godolino Hall, 575 Joseph Ave. and that subject was in attendance.

[redacted] advised that a CP class was held at Communist Party headquarters, 130 Clinton Ave. South, Rochester, N.Y. on October 22, 1946. SAM DORCHIN, CP member from New York City, was the instructor of the class and, informant advised, subject attended the class.

[redacted] advised on October 26, 1946 that subject contacted the home of Rev. GIBSON to ask him if he desired to have the "Worker" delivered. According to informant, GIBSON told O'LEIN that it would be all right to deliver five papers as he and his wife had stated they liked the "Worker." Mrs. GIBSON agreed to deliver the papers.

By written report, Confidential Informant [redacted] stated that he attended a special meeting of the Monroe County CP on October 28, 1946 which was held at CP headquarters, 130 Clinton Ave. South, Rochester. According to informant, subject attended this meeting which was the fourth of a series of classes conducted by SAM DORCHIN. DORCHIN's topic was "Mode of Production."

On October 30, 1946, [redacted] advised that he attended a special meeting of the Monroe County CP held at CP headquarters in Rochester. Informant advised that GESSA GILBERT had attended this meeting which was the last of a series of five classes led by SAM DORCHIN. The topic discussed at this class was "Why A Communist Party."

[redacted] advised by written report that he attended a Halloween party sponsored by the Middtown Club of the Monroe County CP which was held at the Ukrainian Hall, 975 Joseph Ave., Rochester, on the evening of October 31, 1946. According to informant, subject also attended this party.

On January 15, 1947, [redacted] advised that he attended a meeting of the Independent Citizens Committee of Arts, Sciences and Professions, now known as the PCA, which was held at the Gannett House, Cortland St., Rochester. Informant advised subject attended this meeting.

By written report, [redacted] advised that he attended a meeting of the Monroe County C. on January 23, 1947 held at the Warfield Hall, 575 Joseph Ave., Rochester. According to informant, subject attended this meeting, [redacted] stated that the meeting was being held in commemoration of NICHOLS, [redacted] SA COLIFF, C. member, was principal speaker who stated that "our Congress is definitely anti-labor and pro-lax." COLIFF spoke of J. EDGAR HOOVER as "the bulwark of the American imperialists who at the American Legion meeting warned everyone to be alert against Communists" and threatened all liberals.

By written report, [redacted] advised that he attended a meeting of the Midtown Club of the C. held on April 29, 1947 at the Gedrino Hall, 575 Joseph Ave., Rochester. Informant advised subject was present at this meeting.

On April 30, 1947, [redacted] advised that GRETA GILSEN attended a meeting of the Progressive Citizens of America held at the Gannett House, Rochester.

By written report, [redacted] advised he attended a buffet supper and dance held at the Gedrino Hall, 575 Joseph Ave., Rochester on the evening of May 4, 1947. Informant stated the supper was given in honor of HEROLD COLLINS, Jefferson School instructor from New York City. [redacted] stated the subject was present at the supper and dance which was sponsored by the CP, Rochester.

[redacted] advised that subject attended a meeting of the PCA held on February 20, 1947 at the Gannett House, Cortland St., Rochester. FAUL MILLING, head of the New York State PCA, was the principal speaker.

On May 5, 1947, [redacted] advised that he observed the subject at a meeting of the PCA held at the Gannett House, Rochester. Informant also advised subject attended a meeting of the PCA held at the Gannett House on the evening of May 12, 1947. At this meeting, movies were shown which were entitled "Here Is China" and "Spanish Earth."

[redacted] advised that he attended a meeting of the PCA held at the Gannett House, Rochester, on May 19, 1947. Informant stated subject was in attendance at this meeting.

According to written report of [redacted] subject attended a meeting of the Midtown Club of the C. held on Tuesday evening, June 10, 1947 at 575 Joseph Ave., Rochester. Informant stated a brief talk was given by LESTER ROACH, known CP member, against the Taft-Hartley Bill. Informant also informed that it was decided at this meeting to support the ALP candidates in the coming County and City elections. GRETA GILSEN, according to [redacted] was very interested and asked how she could get in touch with some ALP leaders.

[redacted] advised that subject attended a meeting of the Rochester Chapter of the PCA held at the YMCA Hall on Gibbs St., Rochester, N.Y. Informant advised that he attended this meeting and that the purpose of the meeting was the organizing the local PCA to assure the nomination and election of ALEX GOSLIN, a local attorney, to the post of School Commissioner.

[redacted] advised by written report that he attended a general membership meeting of the Monroe County CP which was held on September 29, 1947 at the Ukrainian Hall, 975 Joseph Ave., Rochester. Informant advised subject was present at this meeting.

HANK FARASH, CP member, appealed to all the union members and organizations to get their fellow workers to vote the AIP and defeat the man who had voted for the Taft-Hartley Bill.

On November 4, 1947 [redacted] advised that HANK FARASH had asked subject to go out and help with the elections from 4:30 P.M. to 7:30 P.M. that date. FARASH told GILSEN to go to 49 Lake Ave., Rochester, which he referred to as Cameron's headquarters and tell them that she was a PCA worker and would like to do some canvassing. Informant advised GILSEN had asked FARASH to give her information on the amendments for the election in Rochester.

[redacted] advised that subject was present at a PCA meeting held at the Gannett House, Rochester, on November 19, 1947.

On November 25, 1947, [redacted] advised that he attended a meeting of the Midtown Club of the CP which was held at the home of JOSEF PETERSEN, 48 Shady Lane Drive. Informant stated subject was present at this meeting.

By written report [redacted] stated that subject attended a meeting of the Midtown Club of the CP which was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. FLEISCHER, 145 Kauber St. on December 9, 1947.

On January 7, 1948, [redacted] advised that subject attended a meeting of the PCA, Rochester Chapter, at the Gannett House on that date. [redacted] advised that the subject, who is known to him to be a Comunist, attended this meeting.

By written report, [redacted] advised on January 29, 1948 that GLETA GILSEN was a member of the Midtown Club of the Monroe County, CP and an active member in the Rochester Chapter of the "Progressive Citizens of America.

According to [redacted] subject attended a meeting of the Midtown Club of the CP which was held on February 3, 1948 at the Ukrainian Hall, 975 Joseph Ave., Rochester. A short discussion on universal military training and the fund drive was held at this meeting.

BU 100-7493

On March 2, 1945, [redacted] informed that subject attended a meeting of the Midtown Club of the [redacted] held at the Ukrainian Hall, 975 Joseph Ave., Rochester.

On April 11, 1945, [redacted] advised that subject attended a meeting sponsored by the Monroe County C. which was held on the afternoon of that date at Ukrainian Hall, 975 Joseph Ave., Rochester. This meeting featured NICHOLAS JOSEPH of the National C. Executive Board, as speaker. Informant advised that Veterans of Foreign Wars, Catholic War Veterans and other clubs broke up the meeting and tore up C. literature.

On April 21, 1945, [redacted] advised by written report that subject was present at a meeting of the Rochester Chapter of the ICA which was held at the Garnett House, Rochester, N.Y. on that date.

By written report, [redacted] advised that subject attended a meeting of the Midtown Club of the Communist Party which was held on the evening of June 20, 1945 at the Ukrainian Hall, 975 Joseph Ave., Rochester. Informant advised that a report was given on the decisions of the last executive committee meeting at which it was decided that Comrades PAUL CORNELLY and SLEDZIMIR were to go out on Sunday mornings to the negro churches in the Seventh Ward with the "Sunday Worker." According to informant, at one time GRWA OLSZEK was supposed to have distributed 35 copies of the "Worker" in this manner every Sunday.

DESCRIPTION

The following is a description of the subject furnished by Miss MARIANNE McGUIRE, St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester, N.Y.:

Dob:	6/26/06, Rochester, N.Y.
Height:	5' 7"
Weight:	135 lbs.
Build:	Thin
Hair:	Light brown
Complexion:	Light
Social Security:	104-09-7956
Relatives:	Brother, CARL EDWARD OLSZEK, Rochester, N.Y.

CREDIT AND CRIMINAL

The Identification Division of the Rochester Police Department advised they have no record of the subject.

Credit Bureau, Rochester, advised their records contained no derogatory information concerning the subject. The records did reflect that subject had at one time been employed by the Taylor Instrument Co. and that she had attended the University of Rochester.

This case is being closed upon the authority of the Special Agent in Charge, subject to being reopened if further investigation is desired by the Bureau.

Description:
Age about 22
Height 5'7"
Weight 135#
Hair light brown
Eyes blue
Build slight
Complexion light

- CLOSED -

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

To: SAC, NY (65-15348)

From: JOHN W. DOOLEY, SA

Subject: JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE-R

Date: 2/4/53

Attached hereto is a copy of a report of [REDACTED] of known reliability, dated 1/12/53. The original report was furnished to SA JOHN W. DOOLEY on 1/16/53.

In this report informant gave an account of the demonstration for JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG which took place at Times Square, NYC on 1/10/53.

The original report is filed as serial [REDACTED] of [REDACTED]

"IRENE" is believed to be IRENE AFTERMAN.

1-NY [REDACTED]
 1-NY 100-72693 (MAY KESSLER)
 1-NY 100-26602-C320 (KINGSBRIDE CLUB)
 1-NY 100-26602 (CP-NY State)
 1-NY 100-109561 (IRENE AFTERMAN)
 1-NY 100-61206 (HOWARD FAST)
 1-NY 100-65715 (MAX KUPPERMAN)
 1-NY 100-107111 (ROSENBERG COMMITTEE)
 1-NY 100-42930 (BERNARD BENDER)
 1-NY 100-84275 (WILLIAM PATTERSON)
 1-NY 100-80675 (CRC)
 1-NY 100-55159 (EDITH ROSENBERG)

65-15348-2138C

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 6 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

6

JWD:CMD

C O P Y

Report Communist Party
U.S.A. Activities

Jan 12, 1953
New York

On a call from May Kessler, member of the Kingsbridge (Bronx, N.Y.) Section Committee of the Communist Party [redacted]

[redacted] received a phone call late in the afternoon on the same day in which she was informed that a party (CP) demonstration for the Rosenbergs will take place in Times Sq. (N.Y.) She was asked (by Irene, regional C.P. director) to ask the members of the Kingsbridge Club to be on the west side of Broadway and 45th St at 8 p.m. where further instructions will be given about the participation in the demonstration. [redacted]

[redacted] also received word about the demonstration and that he was told to be at this place "for further instructions. I saw a few more familiar faces of CP members and [redacted]

While waiting for "instructions" which never came [redacted] remarked that he is "anoyed" to see "so many cops. It seems that the police knew before me that a party demonstration will take place here". Suddenly we noticed a shower of yellow leaflets around the section of 44th St. After a short discussion we decided to move in the direction of 44th St. and East side of Broadway. We were watching the demonstration.

A few dozen "comrades" carrying in front of them signs (sample enclosed) and chanting: "We demand clemency for the Rosenbergs" were marching towards 45th St. I moved forward 45th St; I watched a similar procedure on Broadway and 46th and 47th St. on each of these blocks CP members marched in circles while a voice came through a loud speaker first from the East side of Broadway (Claridge hotel) and later from the West side of Broadway (Astor Hotel) asking the people to demand clemency for the Rosenbergs and the "the Rosenbergs shall not die." While on the march the marchers gave out to the public leaflets headlined by: "The court of appeals admits Rosenberg trial unfair". (Sample enclosed). I saw that most of the leaflets given to the people were thrown away by them without even glancing on them. Very few people retained these leaflets. I noticed Bernard Bender. (of Queens). He was shouting the slogan "Clemency for the Rosenbergs and the marchers kept on repeating this slogan.

At Broadway and 45th St. a policeman pulled out one of the marchers from the line and pushed him into the side (45th) Street.

[redacted] I asked him what he thinks of the demonstration. He said: "It's a fine demonstration. We figure that about 250 people participated in the demonstration."

I talked about this demonstration to [redacted]. He told me that the C.R.C. "as an organization" was not notified about this demonstration. He said it was "a strictly party affair" he said. He himself was notified about the demonstration in the office (on 26 St.) during the day of January the 10th. He told that he also participated in the demonstration. So did Edith Rosenberg who got a phone call on Saturday (10 th) at her home.

On my question to [redacted] if the Rosenberg Committee (National) participated in the demonstration he said that he is sure that "the committee as such" didn't participate in this demonstration. "I didn't notice any one of the Rosenberg Committee there, but it's possible that some individual members of the committee were in the march."

[redacted] said that he thinks that the demonstration was a success. "We carried the message of the innocence of the Rosenbergs to tens of thousands of people. This is of great importance at the present stage in the Rosenberg case."

I don't think the demonstration was a real success. The marchers were only a few; the public wasn't much interested; very few stopped to look over the marchers; some people who stopped for a minute or so just smiled and walked away. The police force was just watching. I consider that the only effective thing at the demonstration was the voice that came through the loud speaker.

This voice was heard for blocks away and people turned their heads towards the sounds that came through the loud speakers and I noticed many people stopped to listen. In each case the loud speakers (East and West on Broadway) came to an abrupt stop. The demonstration ended at about 8:50 p.m.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
MARITIME ADMINISTRATION
OFFICE OF MARITIME TRAINING
UNITED STATES MERCHANT MARINE CADET CORPS
UNITED STATES MERCHANT MARINE ACADEMY
KINGS POINT, NEW YORK

IN REPLY REFER TO

5 February 1953

Federal Bureau of Investigation
1st & Main
Mineola, L. I., N. Y.

Att: Mr. Ken Routon

Gentlemen:

The following incident came to my attention on 4 February. A sense of humor warns me to classify it as the "Great Balloon Hoax". Since I have no means of checking on the veracity of the story I pass it on to you for what it may be worth.

Last evening I met my first class of the new Spring Semester in American Literature at Fordham University, School of Education, 302 Broadway, N. Y. C. Although I am attached here at the Academy I have been a visiting lecturer at Fordham for the past several years. One of my students, a Fredric J. Schaefer, who lives in Douglaston, Queens, asked if I would mind dropping him off at Douglaston since he knew from a previous course that I drove to Great Neck in my car. In the course of a conversation while driving, he told me of a "funny thing" that happened to him in the course of his day-time job at "the Continental-Casualty Company in New York". It seems that there had passed over his desk on that day the renewal of a policy for "Mrs. Rosenberg". When I asked him who that was, he identified her as "the Communist in Sing Sing". Upon my remarking that that was certainly strange, he said it was an accidental policy in the amount of \$100,000 for loss of life or mutilation on a "scheduled commercial airplane", beneficiary "husband Julius", \$120.00 annual premium. I need not emphasize how fantastic this sounded to me. Since Mr. Schaefer seems both young and voluble and was trying to impress me with the importance of his job, it may have been that to prove his importance he gratuitously identified a Rosenberg with the Rosenbergs. This is not at all impossible since he said he was "an underwriter", when it is obvious that his youth and inexperience would not qualify him as such. He seemed not at all to think his story fantastic, was quite positive of his identification, and is not aware that I am passing on this information.

Very truly yours,
James P. Walsh
James P. Walsh
Leadr., USMS
Dept. History and Languages

Acknowledge
orally 2/6/53
NRR

65-15348-2-159A

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York (65-15348)

DATE: 2/16/53

FROM : ASAC WILLIAM M. WHELAN

SUBJECT:

Inspector Carl Hennrich, Bureau, called on the afternoon of 2/13/53 and stated there was an airtel leaving the Bureau authorizing us to interview MARY and DAVID ENGELSON simultaneously after their appearance before the Grand Jury 2/16/53.

SA McAndrews was immediately furnished this information orally.

WYW:MFB

MR BOARDMAN
MR WHELAN
MR MOHR
MR LADD
MR CLEGG
MR GLAVIN
MR HARBO
MR NICHOLS
MR ROSEN
MR TRACY
MR WATSON
MR WEAVER
MR WOOD
CHIEF CLERK
PROPERTY UNIT

65-15348-2177

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
FEB 16 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
R. MINIXAN	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : FILE (65-15348)

FROM : SAC, NYC

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al
ESPIONAGE R

DATE: 2/16/53

On the morning of 2/16/53 Assistant Director A. H. Belmont telephonically contacted me to advise that Judge Irving Kaufman had called him to indicate that because of developments in instant case Judge Kaufman was again being subjected to telephone vilification and a certain amount of office bother which causes Judge Kaufman to again inquire of the Bureau as to its belief as to whether he should request police protection. I pointed out to Mr. Belmont that of course in connection with the Civil Rights discussion we were having with the NYC PD, as reported in the William J. Brennan case, the World Telegram, 2/16/53 issue, carried a headline reflecting disagreement and that as a consequence Commissioner Monaghan and Chief Inspector Rothengast were in Washington. I pointed out to Mr. Belmont that in view of that development it might be desirable to have SA Gus Micko make contact with the NYC PD in the event Judge Kaufman decides he desires police protection. Mr. Belmont stated that the matter would be presented to the Director and he would subsequently contact me.

At 3:35 PM Mr. Belmont called and requested that I contact Judge Kaufman and explain to him that while the FBI knows of no premeditated action of the Party to cause him or his family any harm it is entirely possible that some crank or crackpot may take the matter into his own hands and such a situation cannot be intelligently anticipated. I should point out to Judge Kaufman that Mr. Hoover states that after Judge Kaufman has carefully weighed the advantages and disadvantages of having police protection, if there is any doubt in Judge Kaufman's mind thereafter he should resolve in favor of requesting protection. Mr. Belmont said that in the event Judge Kaufman does so resolve that we should indicate that we will be more than pleased to make appropriate contact with the police to insure that he does receive adequate protection. Mr. Belmont stated that in his conversation with Judge Kaufman the latter indicated he had talked with CCA Judge Medina who had indicated that during the trial of the CP leaders Judge Medina had had police protection. Mr. Belmont said that I should specifically point out to Judge Kaufman the fact that Judge Medina did have FBI protection while Judge Medina was outside of the NYC limits; that should Judge Kaufman take a trip out of NYC and desire Agent protection we would be more than pleased to afford him the necessary protection. I indicated to Mr. Belmont that we would immediately make contact with Judge Kaufman. Mr. Belmont stated that the New York office should closely follow

LVB:MT

65-15348-2178

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FBI - NEW YORK	

this situation and in the event there was any indication that the Communists were threatening any of the prominent persons involved in instant matter we should immediately inform the Bureau concerning the full details.

Immediately upon the conclusion of my telephone call with Mr. Belmont I telephonically contacted Judge Irving Kaufman and apprised him that I had just finished talking with Mr. Belmont and that Mr. Belmont in turn had been talking with Mr. Hoover relative to Judge Kaufman's earlier conversation with Mr. Belmont. I apprised Judge Kaufman along the lines indicated above. Judge Kaufman stated that he sincerely appreciated the very careful consideration afforded his request and that he has decided that he will telephonically contact his wife this afternoon and if he decides he desires police protection he will thereafter contact me. It was decided between Judge Kaufman and myself that if Judge Kaufman desires protection that this office will make the necessary contact with the police authorities who in turn will then contact Judge Kaufman and arrange with Judge Kaufman for such protection as Judge Kaufman desires. I carefully pointed out to Judge Kaufman that should he leave the city and desire any protection he should telephonically inform me and the necessary arrangements to afford him protection will be consummated.

Pending the receipt of a telephone call from Judge Kaufman, no further action is being taken.

ADDENDUM:

Judge Kaufman called later on to advise that he had talked the matter over with his wife and they both desired police protection. I thereafter telephonically contacted 1st Deputy Commissioner Fristensky, advised him of the situation, and specifically requested that the fact that the police department is affording Judge Kaufman police protection should be kept entirely confidential so as to avoid newspaper publicity. Commissioner Fristensky stated that he was certain that publicity could be avoided and that he would personally telephonically contact Judge Kaufman as soon as we completed our conversation.

at 5 PM I telephonically contacted Judge Kaufman's chambers and inasmuch as Judge Kaufman was then on the telephone I inquired of Judge Kaufman's secretary whether he had as yet been contacted by the police department. She stated that he had already received a telephone call from the police. I told her to tell Judge Kaufman that if he had any difficulty whatsoever in making satisfactory arrangements to contact me further so that I could iron the whole thing out for him.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : FILE (65-15348)

DATE: 2/17/53

FROM : SAC, NYC

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al
ESPIONAGE R

Judge Irving Kaufman telephonically contacted me at 1:30 PM and advised that in view of the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals that the date set for the Rosenberg execution should be withheld until March 30th to permit the Supreme Court ample time for review, Judge Kaufman was of the opinion that he would not need the police protection being afforded him by the NYC PD. With that thought in mind Judge Kaufman had talked with Deputy Chief Neilson of the NYC PD and had remarked that he probably would not need the protection. Neilson, according to Judge Kaufman, stated that he felt Judge Kaufman should continue to receive the protection until the termination of the affair. Judge Kaufman stated that he had told Neilson that he would talk the matter over with Lee Boardman of the FBI before arriving at a final conclusion. Judge Kaufman then asked me what my views were. I told Judge Kaufman that of course in view of the Neilson observations it was very difficult for me to make a statement. I then discussed with Judge Kaufman various possibilities, pointing out that since the case had been delayed the pressure in the minds of the Communists was alleviated to a degree and it could be concluded that there was still hope for the Rosenbergs. I pointed out that persons thinking the matter out intelligently might therefore decide it would be disadvantageous to the Rosenberg cause to make any threats against the presiding Judge. I then pointed out to Judge Kaufman that of course the primary concern insofar as he was concerned would be on the part of crackpots or cranks who might not be prone to think things out in a logical manner. Judge Kaufman concurred and we both arrived at the conclusion that Judge Kaufman should take no precipitous action in the matter but should think it over for the next several days and thereafter decide whether he considered the personal inconvenience of being continuously accompanied by bodyguards outweighed the possible threat of injury to himself or members of his family. I told Judge Kaufman that in the final analysis the decision would have to be made by himself.

I thereafter telephonically contacted Assistant Director Al Belmont and apprised him of the above conversation. Mr. Belmont concurred with me that the Bureau should not place itself in a position of recommending that Judge Kaufman did not need police

LVB:MT

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65-15348-2179

NY 65-15348.

protection. Mr. Belmont instructed that I of course further confer with Judge Kaufman but point out to Judge Kaufman that the final decision was one that would have to be made by himself.

SAC, New York

February 17, 1953

RE JOHN W. MOOLEY (100-26603-21755)

CP - USA
District #2
New York Division
IS-C
(Enclosure)

The original report is filed as serial 56 of

- 1-NY [REDACTED]
- 1-NY 100-90019 (LIL MAURER)
- 1-NY 100-68375 (MIRIAM ROSEN)
- 1-NY 100-106675 (LOTTIE ROSEN)
- 1-NY 100-112374 (HELEN RIFKIN)
- 1-NY 100-105990 (EMILLOTTE IMPERATOR)
- 1-NY 100-107462 (OTIS WEGRA)
- 1-NY 100-109045 (PHILLIS WEGRA)
- 1-NY 100-107111 (POLYMERIZO COMMITTEE)
- 1-NY 65-15348 (JULIE ANNE STEL RO - BERG)
- 1-NY 100-80638 (CP - WASHINGTON)
- 1-NY 100-79717 (CP - POLITICAL ACTIVITIES)
- 1-NY 100-13453 (MAY CRONVIT)

J:DAO

65-15348-2180

FEB 18 1953

John [unclear] 7-6-53

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

290 Broadway
New York 7, New York

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

February 18, 1953

Mr. Edward L. Braune, Agent
New York Telephone Company
140 West Street
New York 7, New York

Dear Mr. Braune:

In connection with an official investigation being conducted by this office it is requested that information be furnished concerning toll calls charged to Worth 2-6278 during past six months. This number is reported to be listed to DAVID AN ELSON, 16 Monroe Street, NY 2.

Your cooperation in this matter will be greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

Leland V Boardman

LELAND V. BOARDMAN

TJW:ms
6-1-348

65-15348-2182

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC LELAND V. BOARDMAN (65-15348)

DATE: 2/18/53

FROM : SA RAYMOND F. BALL

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al
ESP.-R*Under*

Mrs. LISETTE DAMAS, 1703 Yates Avenue, Bronx, New York, on 2/17/53 at 10:30 P.M., telephonically advised the writer that she was the only woman juror on the ROSENBERG Jury.

Mrs. DAMAS stated that she had received a letter from JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG to write to the President for clemency. She advised that she received this letter on the day that President EISENHOWER denied the subjects clemency.

She further advised that late in the afternoon on 2/17/53 she was contacted at her home by certain individuals who identified themselves as the mother, brother, and sister of JULIUS ROSENBERG. The individuals asked her to intercede and to plead for clemency for JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG. They also asked her if she felt sorry for the ROSENBERG children and whether or not she had any heart. Mrs. DAMAS stated that she advised them that her conscience was her only guide.

The above information was brought to the attention of SAS RICHARD A. MINIHAN and MAURICE W. CORCORAN. 2/18/53.

*Teletype sent
to Bureau 2/18/53
RFB*

RAYMOND F. BALL

65-15348-2183

[Handwritten signature]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

FROM : SA T. SCOTT MILLER

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al (65-15348)
ESP-R

DATE: 2/18/53

On 2/16/53 I telephonically advised SA Bill Cleveland of Bureau that it appeared the Civil Rights Congress was organizing a mass picket line in front of the National Republican Club, Inc., 54 West 40th Street, New York City, on behalf of the ROSENBERGS.

I told Mr. Cleveland the picketing was to start at 4:00 P.M. on 2/16/53 and continue each evening of the week through Saturday from 4:00 P.M. to 8:30 P.M. I told Mr. Cleveland we had received information about this picketing from three different sources which I would incorporate in a teletype for the Bureau's information.

I also told Mr. Cleveland the information about the picketing had been made available to the NYCPD.

- 1 - 100-80675 (Civil Rights Congress)
- 1 - 100-107111 (Committee to Secure Justice
in Rosenberg Case)

TSM:IM

65-15348-2186

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<i>J. a. Harrington</i>	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: 2/18/53

FROM : SA T. SCOTT MILLER

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al (65-15348)
ESP-R

At 10:40 A.M. 2/16/53 I telephonically advised Inspector Hennrich that Judge Irving Kaufman had set the date of the ROSENBERG execution for the week of 3/9/53 which would probably mean that the actual date would be Thursday, March 12, 1953.

TSM:IM

65-15348-2187

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J.A. Harrington

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. WHELAN
MR. BELMONT
MR. CLEGG
MR. GLAVIN
MR. LADD
MR. NICHOLS
MR. ROSEN
MR. TRACY
MR. WATSON
MR. WHELAN
MR. WINTERROWD
TELE. ROOM
MR. HOLLOMAN
MISS GANDY

TO : FILE (65-15348)

DATE: 2/19/53

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al;
ESPIONAGE - R

Judge IRVING KAUFMAN telephoned me 9:55 AM, 2/19/53 to advise that he would appreciate my contacting the New York City Police Department and advising them that leaving a uniformed policeman in front of his apartment building is sufficient protection for the time being and that he desired that the detectives assigned to him be relieved of their assignment.

Judge KAUFMAN asked me if I did not think this was a sound decision. I hesitated, at which time Judge KAUFMAN commented "OK, I won't put you on the spot, but that is my decision." I then informed Judge KAUFMAN that I would be more than pleased to telephonically apprise Commissioner MONAGHAN of Judge KAUFMAN'S request.

Judge KAUFMAN then asked whether I had had an opportunity to reflect upon the Circuit Court of Appeals decision in instant case. I told him, of course, was cognizant of it, at which time Judge KAUFMAN stated he felt that the court had acted without the full facts, saying "Of course, I mean LEARNED and GUS", apparently having reference to CCA Judges LEARNED HAND and AUGUSTUS HAND. Judge KAUFMAN then went on to say "I would like to see the Department of Justice take a firm stand on this matter and appeal directly to the Supreme Court for an immediate decision." He stated the Department has already taken a very strong position with the President and that the President had already declined Presidential pardon. Judge KAUFMAN then commented he can foresee that this case can go over until fall. He then reviewed briefly that the defense counsel has until March 30 to submit new briefs; that the Supreme Court sits only for two weeks in April; that if the Supreme Court does rule adversely, the defense counsel then has 25 additional days for reargument, which would probably bring the case up into the early part of June, and inasmuch as the Supreme Court recesses in June, they probably would not have reached a decision prior to recessing, meaning, therefore, that final decision would not be reached in instant matter until possibly the fall of 1953. Judge KAUFMAN then observed that of course in the intervening period of time, the propogandists would have an excellent opportunity to completely air the entire matter.

LVB:SLM

65-15348-2188

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....
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FBI - NEW YORK

NY 65-15348

I asked Judge KAUFMAN whether he had made these facts known to U. S. Attorney MYLES LANE. Judge KAUFMAN stated he had discussed it with MYLES LANE but that in his opinion, MYLES LANE was not affirmatively interested in view of his probable lack of tenure of office at this time. I asked Judge KAUFMAN if he desired that I bring his comments to the attention of the officials in Washington. He stated he didn't think it would be desirable for there to be any indication that he was taking an affirmative position in instant matter because of his judicial situation. He then stated "I think what I will do is go to Assistant U. S. Attorney KILSHEIMER and suggest the possibility to him that the U. S. Attorney's Office move aggressively in this matter."

Judge KAUFMAN then said actually, he had just been talking to me as a sounding board for his views and he then indicated that really, the purpose of his call was to ask me to contact the New York Police Department relative to protection.

I informed Judge KAUFMAN I would be more than pleased to contact Commissioner MONAGHAN.

At 10:30 AM, I telephonically contacted Commissioner MONAGHAN and informed him that Judge KAUFMAN had asked that I call him and indicate that he desires the presence of a uniformed police officer in front of Judge KAUFMAN'S apartment building and for the time being no further protection be afforded him. Commissioner MONAGHAN stated he would be more than pleased to comply with the Judge's wishes in instant matter.

AUSA KILSHEIMER telephoned me, 2:15 PM, 2/19/53, to state that Judge IRVING KAUFMAN had informed Mr. KILSHEIMER of Judge KAUFMAN'S conversation with me earlier today concerning the Circuit Court of Appeals' opinion. Mr. KILSHEIMER stated he felt he should, as a consequence, advise me the action taken by him as a consequence of the Circuit Court of Appeals' opinion. He said that (1) he had sent off, over MYLES LANE'S signature a strong letter to the Department, urging that the Department endeavor to vacate the opinion of the Circuit Court of Appeals or shorten the length of the appeal; (2) he had telephonically contacted the Department, in addition to writing the letter, and had orally apprised the Department that it was not in the

NY 65-15348

best interests of the Government to let this matter delay. I thanked Mr. KILSHEIMER for calling me, without making any comment whatsoever concerning Judge KAUFMAN'S conversation with me.

The above information concerning my conversation with Judge KAUFMAN and AUSA KILSHEIMER was made known to Assistant Director A. BELMONT. I told Mr. BELMONT it was my opinion that the Bureau should make no representations to the Department or to anyone else in instant matter as I felt that probably Judge KAUFMAN might be making strong protestations in several directions and I felt the FBI should not get mixed up in any judicial squabbles since the entire matter was one without the scope of our authority. Mr. BELMONT agreed.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York

FROM : JOHN W. DOOLEY, SA (65-15346)

SUBJECT: ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: FEB 19 1953

Attached hereto is a copy of a report of [redacted] of known reliability, dated 1/18/53. The original report was furnished to SA JOHN W. DOOLEY on 1/21/53. In this report informant described the demonstration at Times Square, NYC, on 1/10/53 which the CP held for the ROSENBERGS.

The original report is filed as serial 62 of [redacted]

1 - NY [redacted]
 1 - NY 100-107111 (ROSENBERG COMMITTEE)
 1 - NY 100-68378 (ESTHER ROSES)
 1 - NY 100-102475 (CWMYN MCNES)
 1 - NY 100-68373 (AL MOSES)
 1 - NY 100-88013 (SOPHIE MASCIANTO)
 1 - NY 100-96058 (KATE DIAMOND)
 1 - NY 100-106875 (LOTTIE ROSEN)
 1 - NY 100-83968 (PAUL ROSEN)
 1 - NY 100-101808 (RAY MONES)
 1 - NY 100-26603 (CP, NEW YORK STATE)

65-15346-2189A

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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J. H. [unclear]

January 16, 1953

TCP

On Saturday, 1/10/53, night, I attended a mass demonstration to ask clemency for JULIUS and ETTEN ROSENBERG, at Broadway and 14 St., Times Sq.



[REDACTED]

At about 8:40 a whirring sound was heard coming from above the Camel sign we all looked up as smoke kept pouring out of the man's mouth and soon there was a blaring sound from an amplifier on the third or fourth floor of the Hotel Claridge telling us about a man and woman at this moment in the death house in Sing Sing, JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG who were going to die this Thursday for alleged passing the secret of the atom bomb to Russia, the voice continued and pleaded for all to write or wire President Truman to commute their death sentence.

The voice continued time and time again to repeat the same words but still no sign from the demonstrators, we looked up in astonishment and pleasure at the hidden voice, coming out of the Hotel and then continued to walk on.

The people walking also looked up and the Police seemed taken by this rush, they did not expect such a thing.

At the first sign of the voice leaflets poured out of a window in the hotel and fluttered down into the street where the people gathered them up, some to read them and pocket them others to tear them in disgust.

[REDACTED]


A few people carried signs, "Clemency for the ROSENBERGS", and other distributed leaflets and we marched back and forth mingling with the crowd and this added to the confusion of the cops who when they were not tearing signs from the pickets, were trying to break up the demonstration which was not there when they turned around.

A few policemen were arrogant and fresh but they were handicapped because they could not distinguish between the ordinary passerby and

the demonstration.

We walked back and forth for a few minutes, the loud-speaker in the meantime had ceased to issue its plea and all was quiet except for the passing crowd, and then suddenly as before a whirring sound this time from the Hotel Astor on the top floor and then the same voice uttering the same plea and everyone again taken by surprise and we who knew feeling happy inward because of the ingenuity displayed by the Party to gain the attention of the people.

The voice repeated its plea several times and then in the midst of its plea was shut off and the window was closed.





Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

FD-71
(7-20-45)



IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO
FILE NO. _____

COMPLAINT FORM

Julius & Ethel Rosenberg ✓
Subject's Name and Aliases 5-15348

Address of Subject
Eggenweg - R.
Character of Case

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT:

Vincent Lebonitto
Name of Complainant
Res: *221 Martine White Plains*
Address of Complainant
Phone White Plains 9-6783
Telephone Number of Complainant
3:25 PM 2-17-53
Date and Time Complaint Received
Exp: *Sancti Extremator Co.*
157 Chambers St.
Phone Co 7-7300 219

FACTS OF COMPLAINT: *Complainant telephoned and advised he was
foreman of Rosenberg jury. He received letter from
Committee asking for his help. He has not answered this
letter. Complainant advises that Mrs. Dana another
jury member in Bronx has received a visit from
Rosenbergs mother, brother and sister and they
indicated all jury members would receive such
visits. He desired instructions if he were
visited. He also fears for threats to his wife
and four children and that he might say something
that would ruin them.*

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

*Have SA to whom case assigned take
appropriate action & revert complaint*

W-15348-2198

Paul H. O'Neil

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FBI - NEW YORK	

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI - NEW YORK	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : SAC
FROM : SI FRANKLIN K. PIERCE
SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG was etal.
PCP-R
(6-15348)

DATE: 2/25/53

On 2/23/53 the writer received via mail the following information from

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] stated that LEE TUFT was Mrs ARTHUR HERSZOG JR (NY 100-1789) did most of the typing on the Rosenberg appeal at Floch's office on Broadway. This was done at night just before the appeal was presented and was done gratuitously by her. She allegedly "does a lot of typing for all of these people. So they must trust her."

LEE TUFT and her husband ARTHUR HERSZOG JR are both SI subjects. Lee's sister VERA TUFT, (NY 80418), was in Russia during WWII and reportedly worked for the Russian Gov't there.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (C)

Original letter filed in 100-75429

For information purposes.

65-15348
FKP

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
EF6/ah 11/9/77

65-15348-2199

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J. H. [Signature]

EB 25 1953

SAC, New York

SA JOHN W. DOLY (100-30675)

CIVIL RIGHTS MATTERS
IS-C

Attached hereto is a copy of a report of [redacted] of known reliability, dated January 19, 1953. The original report was furnished to SA JOHN W. DOLY on February 4, 1953. In this report informant gave the details of a meeting of the Civil Rights Congress Finance Committee which took place on January 15, 1953.

The original report is filed as serial 99 of [redacted]

- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - 100-19786 (LIP BOYER)
- 1 - 100-31275 (WILLIAM PATTERSON)
- 1 - 100-10711 (RUSSELL Committee)
- 1 - 100-11111 (JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG) ✓ NI
- 1 - 100-67692 (MIRIAM MOSKOWITZ)
- 1 - 100-52157 (MORTIMER WEINER)
- 1 - 10 - (SARA LEVINE)
- 1 - 100-52157 (MORTIMER WEINER)
- 1 - 100-12777 (MORTIMER WEINER)

JWD:GD

65-15348-2200A

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FEB 5 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
#6001	

January 19, 1953
New York

CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS
ACTIVITIES

A meeting of the Finance Committee of the Civil Rights Congress was held on January 15, 1953 at the Library at 23 West 26th Street, New York.

ED (HOWARD) ROYCE was chairman of the meeting. He opened the meeting with a few remarks in which he stated that this meeting was called for the purpose of "adopting a program of action to improve the finances of the C.R.C."

WILLIAM PATTERSON came to this meeting as the representative of the National Committee of the Civil Rights Congress. He said that "the country is at present going through a dangerous stage - economically and politically. Big capital is taking over the government and this means all one thing: Wall Street will do its utmost to get higher profits. This will mean the lowering of the living standard of the American people; it means the breaking up of the American trade union movement. Having the full force of the government on its side monopoly capital will do everything possible to do away with all the economic gains labor and the people made during the last twenty years". He said that "we must be on guard against this attempt of Wall Street".

As far as the "political life of the nation", PATTERSON said, "the outlook is just as dark". He stated that "the Eisenhower government will not end the war in Korea without the strong voice of the people to do so. The cold war will continue because it brings untold profits to Wall Street. Eisenhower will not stop the witchhunt nor the Smith Act trials. The way I see the situation the new administration will strengthen the political and economic terroristic acts against the people. Terror became the pattern of the American government. Truman invented it and Eisenhower will try to improve upon it." He underlined that "there is only one way to stop the advance of reaction, which is trying to destroy, through acts of terror, any opposition in the drive towards war, it's the organization of the people and especially of the labor movement to resist these attempts of reaction". He emphasized that

"the C.R.C. will have an important part in this political program - of organizing the people against terror, war or fascism".

He spoke on the Rosenberg case which he characterized "as a terroristic act of government" to "scandalize the people." He said that the C. R. C. "played and is playing an important role in this case". He said that the "emergency train" to Communist helped to "dramatize the Rosenberg case" more than any other action to save the Rosenbergs and that this was done by the C.R.C.

MILITON underlined that the C.R.C. is taking the lead in the development of many political actions but "the C.R.C. didn't learn as yet to exploit its campaigns for the raising of funds". Here, he said, is where the Finance Committee should take over. "We need money for our mass campaigns. Without funds we can not do our work". He outlined three immediate "political actions" of the C.R.C.

1. The Rosenberg case. "Saving the lives of the Rosenbergs will be a great victory of the American people against government terror.

2. The fight against the Smith Act and the fight for amnesty. In connection with the fight against the Smith Act he said that in the case of STEVE NELSON "terror of punishment almost equals the Rosenberg case". In the NELSON case, he said, "we succeeded to raise some \$11,000", but that more funds must be raised for Pittsburg.

3. Mother's Day conference in Georgia. For the purpose of "dramatizing the IMBRAK case". He said that "we learned a lesson from the delegation to Mrs. IMBRAK: the delegation received a favorable reception (from Gov. Tolnadge) and I see the possibility of moving into the South".

"The enemy hopes to amass our resources. This is the aim of the enemy. Our business is to disappoint the enemy. We didn't fully exploit the way open to us to raise funds. I believe the Finance Committee is in a position to devise ways and means of raising funds. Lets go to it". In the discussion on FAIRBANKS "report" participated:

WILSON MILITON. She said that "our organization" on the question of raising funds should be based on:

1. Short term basis and
2. Long term basis

The raising of funds for immediate campaigns and planning for the raising of funds for the yearly budget of the National and State (N.Y.) organizations of the C.R.C. She said that in connection with this the functionaries and all of C.R.C. organizations should be involved.

EDITH FOSTERBERG reported that the National and State organizations must have a minimum of \$3,000 a month "to be able to function". ("This includes salaries, rent, phone, electricity, printing material, etc., but it does not include the special campaign of the C.R.C.") She said that "we managed to reduce the debt of the national office during 1952 by \$6,000. This was accomplished largely because of the work of the Finance Committee".

ED said that in connection with the raising of funds he sees the importance of reviving the issuing of the State Bulletin and that it would be a good idea "to start thinking and planning of publishing a C.R.C. monthly magazine.

AL said that he detected in PAT'S report a kind of accusation directed against the F.C. for not exploiting the C.R.C. campaigns for fund raising. He told the meeting that this criticism should be directed against the National and State functionaries of the C.R.C. He said that there is a lack of coordination between the work of the F.C. and the National and State staffs. He underlined that if the C.R.C. staffs would be responsible to the F.C. and the F.C. to the staffs; if the F.C. would be informed in advance about the undertakings and planning of campaign of the National and State (N.Y.) offices; if there would be some kind of coordination of the work of these organizations "we would be in a position to merge the campaigns, to utilize them for the raising of funds. As of today the picture is different; the National and the State committees will start campaigns and before the F.C. has a chance to start something in the way of raising funds - the campaign is over and it's too late to do anything". As an example he told them that the "clemency train" campaign was planned by the three committees and that as a result of

this "coordination work" the C.R.C. made a few hundred dollars on this action.

PAUL LEVINE proposed that each member of the F.C. should organize a house party for raising funds for the C.R.C. and that letters should go out to all C.R.C. organizations and functionaries in N.Y. State to do the same.

ELMIR ROSE proposed to organize "a political - cultural evening" for the "dramatic reading" of Allen Tate's play "Potiphar's House" and to organize a housewarming on the occasion of the moving of the C.R.C. to new quarters (6 E. 17th St., NYC)

Doctor HARRY GOLD proposed the organization of a "Spring Bazaar".

FRED JOHNSON and ELLI didn't participate in the discussions.

PATRICKSON proposed to organize "on a later date" a dinner "in honor" of STEVE NELSON and he asked the F.C. to start "collecting" the "Rail bonds". He said that it is expected that the money on these bond certificates will be paid out sometime in May, 1953. He said that he agrees with the suggestions and the plans of the F.C. (as outlined above) and that he considers the remarks made by AL of real importance; "there should be closer cooperation between the National and State staffs and the F.C. There is a lack of coordination in our work".

The meeting adopted:

ELMIR ROSE will represent the C.R.C. State Committee (N.Y.) at the meetings of the F.C. and will inform each of the plans and activities of the State organization.

HARRY GOLD or anyone else available will represent the National Committee of the C.R.C. at the F.C.

A member or members of the F.C. will have the right to participate

"once in a while" (because the members of the F.C. will have to much work to do) in the staff meetings of the National and State Committees.

To organize the "cultural evening" (Potiphar's house" for February 6th, 1953 at the Yugoslav Hall in N.Y.

To have the C.R.C. housewarming on February 13th, 1953. To invite a "selected" number of guests (about 100 people who could afford to give donations of \$25 or more. There will be no charge. An appeal for donations to be made by CARL MORDAKIN' if he is available.

To take over "The Big Time" (the first evening of the opening of this show) for a benefit for C.R.C. on March 6th 1953.


To start planning "some kind of an affair" for STEVE NELSON in April. (possible in HOWARD FAST'S house)

To start working immediately on the organization of house parties.

Each member of the F. C. should have suggestions about the organization of a spring or early summer dinner.

- Suggestion to National and State (N.Y.) committees to start a C.R.C. National fund drive. Above committees to discuss this suggestion and report on it as quickly as possible.

Suggestion: to concentrate on the "collection of the Bail bond certificates" which should be donated to the Civil Rights Congress.



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, New York

FROM : HERT S. TAYLOR, SA (65-15340) *x-491*

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG
ESP-R

DATE: 2/27/53

* In accordance with the request of SA RICHARD A. MINIHAN, NY was interviewed on 2/24/53 for information he might have concerning DAVID ENGELS.

SUSSMAN advised that ENGELS was known at the time he first met him by the nickname of "MOOCH". SUSSMAN described ENGELS as short and stocky with a round face, a somewhat bushy head of hair, and a "tough chin". He recalls that ENGELS' wife was a large woman whom he would describe as a "beviifer" type. SUSSMAN advised that he saw ENGELS a number of times during the years roughly 1936 to 1939.

In connection with the above referred to contacts with ENGELS, it will be recalled that SUSSMAN has advised that he originally joined the Young Communist League in the Brownsville Section of Brooklyn when the family resided in Brooklyn and upon moving to the Lower East Side of New York City he attended meetings of the Lower East Side Section of the YCL with headquarters at 44 Avenue C. SUSSMAN advised that at these meetings, which he recalls JULIUS ROSENBERG also attended, he first met ENGELS who he advised appeared to be the leader of this group. SUSSMAN advised that it is his recollection that ENGELS did not speak English very well nor was he generally considered well educated but that he was good at organizational work and could make a pretty good speech. Consequently ENGELS was prominent in East Side activities and in about 1935 or 1936 he was Section Organizer for the YCL. SUSSMAN also recalled that ENGELS had been a member of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade but SUSSMAN has no knowledge of activities on the part of ENGELS in the Communist Party in New York.

SUSSMAN advised that after approximately 1936 he did not see ENGELS again until roughly sometime during the year 1944 or 1945. In connection with this meeting SUSSMAN recalled it was at approximately this time that his wife was writing various papers in connection with her studies at Columbia University and she spent considerable time at the New York City Public Library. SUSSMAN at this time advised that he was working on 11th Avenue and at noontime he would meet his wife at the library. It was at the library that he last saw ENGELS and to the best of his recollection ENGELS was examining either a reference book or telephone directories for various cities throughout the United States maintained by the Public Library on the east side of the north reference room at the library. SUSSMAN cannot recall that there was any conversation between the two at that time but he does believe that they saw each other and perhaps spoke or nodded in greeting.

SA Paul Davity advised on 4-8-55 that when he interviewed
Susman on 1-17-55 Susman had no objection to revealing
his identity. (P. 4)

-NY 65-15399 (SUSSMAN)

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1ST:HC

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SUSSMAN has advised that he has not seen ENGELS since that time and has no information as to his current activities or whereabouts or associates. He did advise, however, that there is no question in his mind but that ENGELS knew JULIUS ROSENBERG and in view of the fact that they both attended YCL meetings at 44 Avenue C, the association between these two was undoubtedly more than mere acquaintanceship.

On 2/25/53, SUSSMAN was shown pictures of DAVE ENGELS and he positively identified these photographs as the DAVE ENGELS he had known in the late 1930's and who was known as "HOOK" at that time.

SUSSMAN advised that the name MORRIS BEN AGID means nothing to him.

The following information is being noted as it pertains to SUSSMAN's current employment inasmuch as a copy of this memo is designated for his file. SUSSMAN advised that he is no longer employed by Telco Electronics, 37 East 14 Street, New York City, but that he is still at the above address and since approximately April, 1950, he has been employed with Ameco Electronics.

SUSSMAN advises that Ameco is at present engaged in the fulfillment of a contract with the U. S. Navy for some two dozen navigational trainers costing approximately \$14,000 each which are to be utilized by the Naval Air Training Station at Pensacola, Florida.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, New York

FROM: SA JOHN W. DOOLEY

SUBJECT: IWO
IS - C

DATE: 2/20/53

Attached hereto is a copy of a report of [REDACTED] of known reliability, dated 1/10/53.

The original report was furnished to SA JOHN J. DOOLEY on 1/16/53. In this report informant gave an account of a meeting of Branch 138, J.P.F.O., which took place at 3451 Giles Place on 1/9/53.

The original report is filed as serial 165 of [REDACTED]

1 - NY [REDACTED]
 1 - NY 100-86743 (M. GRISMAN)
 1 - NY 100-99773 (M. BRIDACK)
 1 - NY 100-86680 (A. SHULDINER)
 1 - NY 100-102252 (B. NEIT)
 1 - NY 100-102490 (B. SHULDIN)
 1 - NY 100-109553 (M. BRICK)
 1 - NY 100-90223 (SOL SIMMER)
 1 - NY 100-87403 (EVA GILSON)
 1 - NY 100-76567- (SAMUEL GOODMAN)
 1 - NY 100-107111 (KLEINBERG COMMITTEE)
 1 - NY 65-15542 (ETHEL & JULIUS WOLBERG)
 1 - NY 100-21 (WOLBERG FRANKLIT)

JWD:ZEM

65-15348-2201A

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Jan. 10, 1953

JEWISH PEOPLES FRATERNAL
ORDER, I. T. O. ACTIVITIES

A meeting of Branch 136 of the Jewish Peoples Fraternal Order was held on Jan. 9, 1952, at the headquarters of Shule (School) #9, at 3451 Giles Place, Bronx, New York.

About 50 members were present at this meeting. I saw at the meeting:

The chairman of the meeting was M. GROSSMAN, the newly elected president of Branch 136 of the Jewish Peoples Fraternal Order, I. T. O.

J. HOFFMAN read the names of the newly elected executive committee of branch 136:

- M. GROSSMAN, President
- M. WEINACK, Vice President
- A. SHELDERER is the temporary financial secretary. (The Branch is trying to get a new Finance Secretary. No one wants the job. SHELDERER will hold the job for a while. Not filled is also the job of Protocol Secretary.)
- B. FREIT, executive secretary
- B. SHELDERER, Treasurer
- M. WEINACK, Hospitaller
- SOL SINGER, Director Culture Activities
- J. HOFFMAN, Literature director.
- Members of the Executive Committee: EVA GUISSBOND, L. PETERSON and A. SOGAN.

SARAH COODEL AN welcomed the newly elected executive committee in the name of the Bronx County Committee of the Jewish Peoples Fraternal Order. She said "the executive committee of the branch is the general staff of the branch" but "a general staff is useless without an army" and she called upon the members to engage fully in the activities of the branch which "works not only for the good of the branch members but also for the benefit of the entire neighborhood community".

SARAH COODEL AN stated that "we, and the American people as a whole, live in a time of dark reaction. Our responsibilities to our community and to the American people are great. We are a part of the great forces of the progressive movement. We are a part of the forces which stand in the forefront in the battle for freedom and peace and, like good soldiers, we must fulfill our duty. The general staff will direct us, instruct us, but we are the one to carry on the work which will lead to the destruction of the reactionary forces - the forces of fascism and war".

SARAH GOODEMAN called upon the members to work not only for the benefit of the branch but "go into the community; talk to the people; educate the masses; talk to everyone about the great movement of the colonial people who are fighting against slavery; tell the people about the 800,000,000 people who are fighting for peace and democracy. It is up to us to wake up the people to the dangers of a 3rd World War. We must tell our new government that we want to stop the killings in Korea".

She remarked that "EISENHOWER was elected as President of the United States because he promised the people to go to Korea. By going to Korea it was understood that he will stop the war in Korea. He wasn't elected for the purpose of going to Korea to eat beans with a few American soldiers, make a pleasant trip back and tell us that he has new plans of how to continue the war in Korea. The people must be enlightened on this point. We must demand from the new President to stop the war in Korea immediately. No stalling on this point. We must demand a stop to the cold war. JOSEPH SMILIN is willing to talk over the whole situation with EISENHOWER. Here is a chance for the new President to start working on the direction of world peace. If he wouldn't agree to do these things on his own it is our duty to force him to do the things which promised and which are best for the people of the U.S. and of the world".

SARAH GOODEMAN called upon the members of the branch to engage "in the important work of organizing the people against reaction which breaks war and fascism.

M. GROSSMAN also spoke about the importance of "organizing the people in the neighborhood for the struggle against reaction and war". He underlined "that the ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG case would not have happened if our country would not be engaged in a cold war against the forces of freedom, peace and socialism. The war mongers must have their victims and ETHEL and JULIUS are their first victims, who will be next? Should they die thousands of us will be next".

GROSSMAN called upon the people to demand executive clemency for the ROSENBERGS. He urged the branch members to visit everyone in the neighborhood and also the people to write to the President "demanding" executive clemency for the ROSENBERGS. He also pledged that the new executive committee of the branch will do everything possible to re-constitute all those who fell out from branch membership during the last 2-3 years.

A. SHULDNER made an appeal for funds for the \$175,000 Morning Freiheit fund drive. The collection brought in \$380.00.

Sweets, coffee and cake was served after the meeting.